## TWIN FALLS COUNTY, STATE OF IDAHO September 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## **Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

## **Required Supplementary Information**

The Twin Falls County has omitted historical pension information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 18 and 49 through 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statement that collectively comprise Twin Falls County basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2017, on our consideration of the Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Twin Falls, Idaho January 24, 2017



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTS AUDITING STANDARDS

**Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County** 

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Falls County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2017.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Twin Falls County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficience, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Falls County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Twin Falls County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Twin Falls, Idaho January 24, 2017 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

# Twin Falls County's Management's Discussion and Analysis

As Management of Twin Falls County, we offer readers of the Twin Falls County's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Twin Falls County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our annual audit prepared by Ware & Associates.

## Financial Highlights

- The assets of Twin Falls County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$66,051,857 (net assets). Of this amount, \$44,154,601 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. (see page 20 of audit)
- Twin Falls County's net assets increased by \$3,210,527. This increase is attributable to more cash in the custody of the treasurer and more property and equipment.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,429,302 an increase of \$1,351,201 in comparison with the prior year. The amount available for spending at the County's discretion is \$39,429,302, the total unreserved fund balance. (see page 22 and 24 of audit)
  - In the General Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$1,243,864
  - In the Indigent Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$147,508
  - In the Justice Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$540,973
  - Other Governmental Funds, the revenues exceed expenditures by \$468.840
  - The general fund (current expense) transferred \$8,472,304 to the capital projects fund for future capital construction projects.

## **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Twin Falls County's basic financial statements. Twin Falls County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Twin Falls County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of Twin Falls County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Twin Falls County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected delinquent taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Twin Falls County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Twin Falls County include general government, public safety, sanitation, health and welfare, recreational and cultural and education. The business-type activities of Twin Falls County include Solid Waste and Fair Board.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Twin Falls County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Twin Falls County can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Twin Falls County maintains seventy individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general

fund, indigent fund, justice fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other sixty-two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Twin Falls County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds except internal services funds and fiduciary funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Proprietary funds.** Twin Falls County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its Solid Waste and Fair Board operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste and Fair Board operations, which is considered to be major funds of Twin Falls County.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Twin Falls County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary fund is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the financial statement.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

## **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Twin Falls County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$66,051,857 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

One of the largest portions of Twin Falls County's net assets (33%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

## Twin Falls County's Net Assets September 30, 2016

		Government	ala	ctivities		Business	acti	vities		То	tal	
	_	2016		2015	_	2016		2015		2016		2015
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	41,066,227 20,056,928	\$	39,849,104 19,264,623	\$	5,447,605 1,773,408	\$	4,416,168 1,761,196	\$	46,513,832 21,830,336	\$	44,265,272
Total assets		61,123,155		59,113,727	_	7,221,013		6,177,364	_	68,344,168		21,025,819 65,291,091
Current liabilities		1,020,630		1,127,135		57,161		90,601		1,077,791		1,217,736
Long-term liabilities		1,191,875		1,200,864		22,645		31,061		1,214,520		1,231,925
Total liabilities	=	2,212,505		2,327,999		79,806		121,662		2,292,311		2,449,661
Net position: Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		19,946,493		19,164,556		1,750,763		1,730,135		21,697,256		20.894.691
Restricted						200,000		200,000		200,000		200,000
Unrestricted	_	38,964,157		37,621,172	_	5,190,444		4,125,567		44,154,601		41,746,739
Total net position	\$	58,910,650	\$	56,785,728	\$	7,141,207	\$	6,055,702	\$	66,051,857	\$	62.841,430

An additional portion of Twin Falls County's net assets (0.0%) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$39,429,302) may be used to meet the county's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its business-type activities.

The County's net assets increased by \$3,210,427 during the fiscal year. This
increase is attributable to more cash in the custody of the treasurer and more
property and equipment.

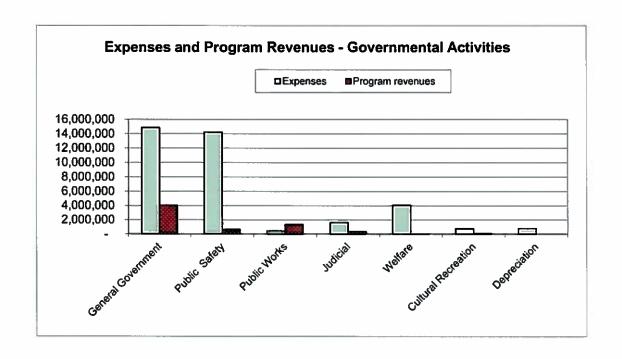
## Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

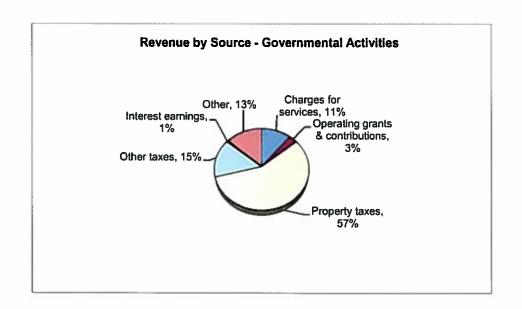
**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased Twin Falls County's total net assets by \$2,124,922.

The following schedule outlines the changes in net assets: (see page 24 and 27of audit)

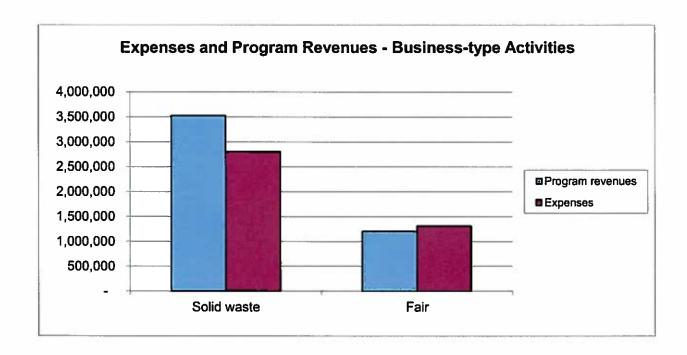
## Twin Falls County's Changes in Net Assets

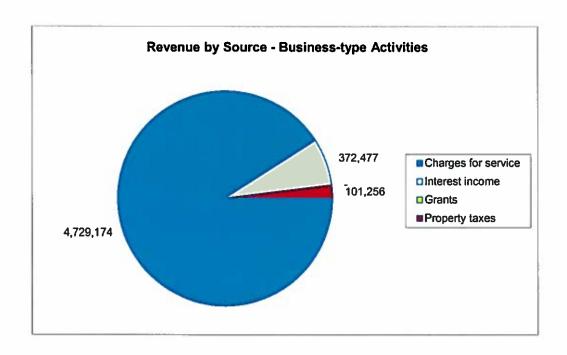
		Government	al a	ctivities	Business	a	ctivities		То	tal	
		2016		2015	2016		2015	_	2016		2015
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	4,072,777	\$	3,636,240	\$ 4,729,174	\$	4,363,704	\$	8,801,951	\$	7,999,944
Operating grants and contributions		1,276,199		1,090,459					1,276,199		1,090,459
Capital grants and contributions							-		-		
General revenues:											
Property taxes		21,802,328		20,902,292	101,256		101,384		21,903,584		21,003,676
Other taxes		5,761,822		6,175,884			-		5,761,822		6,175,884
Grants and contributions not							104,000				
restricted to specific programs		528,867		493,182	0.50		-		528,867		493,182
Interest earnings		260,620		219,154	372,477		42,917		633,097		262,071
Other		5,117,514		5,483,103			-		5,117,514		5,483,103
Total revenues	_	38,820,127		38,000,314	5,202,907		4,612,005	_	44,023,034		42,508,319
Expenses											
General Government		14.837.983		14,016,461	7829		27		14.837.983		14.016.461
Public safety		14,229,010		13,205,140			£.		14,229,010		13,205,140
Public works		428,585		433,770	2.50		•		428,585		433,770
Judicial		1,604,370		1,631,176			2		1,604,370		1,631,176
Welfare		4,068,863		3,843,665			-		4,068,863		3,843,665
Cultual and recreation		743,528		783,755	-				743,528		783,755
Depreciation		782,866		731,376	-		-		782,866		731,376
Solid waste					2,805,641		2,541,086		2,805,641		2,541,086
Twin Falls County Fair					1,311,761		1,240,677		1,311,761		1,240,677
Total expenses	$\equiv$	36,695,205		34,645,343	4.117.402		3,781,763		40,812,607		38,427,106
Increase (decrease) in net position		2,124,922		3,354,971	1,085,505		830 242		3,210,427		4,185,213
Net position - beginning		56,785,728	_	53,430,757	6,055,702		5,225,460	_	62,841,430		58,656,217
Net position - ending	\$	58,910,650	\$	56,785,728	\$ 7.141.207	\$	6.055,702	\$	66,051,857	\$	62,841,430





**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities (Solid Waste and Fair Board) net assets increased during the year by \$1,085,505. This was primarily due to an increase in revenue for fees charged to operate and maintain the landfill.





## Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Twin Falls County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of Twin Falls County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of \$39,429,302 an increase of \$1,351,201 in comparison with the prior year. \$39,429,302, of this constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The reminder of fund balance (\$0) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed. (see page 22 and 24 of audit)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$10,631,782, while the total fund balance reached \$10,631,782. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures.

The fund balance, of the County's general fund; decreased by \$7,229,440 during the current fiscal year. Revenue exceeded expenditures by \$1,243,864. (see page 24 of audit) Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Property tax revenues of the general fund decreased by \$45,499
- Intergovernmental revenue in the general fund decreased by \$382,690
- The general fund (current expense) transferred \$8,472,304 to the capital projects fund for future capital construction projects.

The Indigent Fund has a total fund balance of \$3,055,362 which is to be used for providing services to indigent persons according to Idaho statute. Revenues in this fund increased by \$417,255 over the prior year, and total expenditures increased \$57,461 over the prior year. (see page 22 and 24 of audit)

The Justice Fund had a total fund balance of \$8,097,613, which is used for judicial services, the prosecutor, public defender, jail, TARC, juvenile probation and juvenile detention. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$540,973. Revenues in this fund increased by \$636,078 over the prior year. Total expenditures increased by \$809,457, over the prior year. (see page 22 and 24 of audit)

**Proprietary funds.** Twin Falls County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets for the Solid Waste Fund at the end of the year were \$5,043,942. The change in net assets consisted of an increase of \$1,092,717.

Unrestricted net assets for the Fair Board at the end of the year were \$146,502. The change in net assets consisted of an decrease of \$7,212.

## **Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final budget are summarized below:

- Increased the budgeted amount in the Auditor-Clerk A budget by \$50,000 due to hiring four additional deputy clerks in Court Services due to the implementation of the new court case management system, Odyssey, converting to an electronic case record and e-filing. The increase was appropriated from the Current Expense Fund general reserve.
- Increased the Coroner B budget by \$10,000 due to autopsies, chemical analysis and x-rays. The increase was appropriated from the Current Expense Fund general reserve.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the TARC A budget by \$6,000 and B budget by \$52,000 due to unforeseen expenses with the CPDC Grant and FRDC Court dissolving the county picked up the Case Manager position and additional drug testing expenses. The increase was appropriated from the Justice Fund general reserve.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the Criminal Justice Facility B budget by \$40,000 due to unforeseen expenses with the jail being full and having to house inmates out of county and extradition of inmates back to Twin Falls County. The increase was appropriated from the Justice Fund general reserve.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the Weeds A budget by \$6,000 due to additional seasonal employee hours worked for BLM. The unanticipated revenue from BLM was used to cover this expense.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the Capital Projects budget by \$270,000 due to the TARC remodel at County West. The unexpended fund balance was used to cover this increase.

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Description of significant capital asset and long-term debt activity during the year.

## **Capital Assets**

- County West completed remodel for TARC (the county's treatment and recovery center)
- County West tank-less water heater
- Courthouse moved power underground
- Courthouse fan/coil system
- Jail kitchen vent
- Jail remodeled visitation area
- Judicial Building remodeled jury room #1 and law library and replaced carpet in entry and hallways
- Public Defender's office –relocated and remodeled former TARC building
- Snake River Youth Center replaced carpet

## Property purchased/transferred/sold in FY 2016:

Sold Clinic building, 660 Shoshone Street East for \$472,304

**Capital assets.** Twin Falls County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2016 amounted to \$21,830,336 (Net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and machinery and equipment. (see page 20 of audit)

# Twin Falls County's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

		Government	ala	ctivities		Business	acti	vities		Tota	ıl	
	_	2016		2015	_	2016		2015		2016		2015
Land	\$	1,939,755	\$	1,939,755	\$	178,260	\$	178,260	s	2,118,015	\$	2,118,015
Land improvement				•		90,279		109,645		90,279		109,645
Buildings		16,997,384		15,585,847		1,387,843		1,342,537		18,385,227		17,028,384
Machinery and equipment		1,119,789		1,029,134		113,681		100,942		1,233,470		1,130,076
Landfill		-				₩.		6,355				6,355
Construction in progress		-04		609.887		3,345		23,457		3,345		633,344
	\$	20,056,928	\$	19,264,623		\$ 1,773,408		\$ 1,761,196	\$	21,830,336	\$	21,025,819

## Long-term Debt

Contracts payable consisted of the following:

In September, 2016, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer for the Coroner's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$7,981. The present value is \$22,473.

In April, 2016, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2016 Ford Edge SE 4WD and a Ford Taurus. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$7,163. The present value is \$21,012.

In January, 2015, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Chevy Suburban for the Sheriff's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The present value is \$18,494.

In June, 2015, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a KIOTI NX4510 Tractor for Parks and Waterways. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. This loan was paid off on October 31, 2016. The present value is \$13,296

In October 2014, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Ford F-250 Super Duty for Weeds. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$7,272. The present value is \$13,708.

In October 2013, the County entered into a contract with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2013 Dodge Journey SXT for Magistrate Probation. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$6,370. This loan was paid off on October 31, 2016. The present value is \$5,784.

In October 2013 the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2014 Toyota Sienna L for Juvenile Detention. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$5,558. The present value is \$15,669.

Twin Falls County Fair has a capital lease payable to GE Capital, Inc. The lease is due in monthly installments of \$813 including interest at 4.90% per annum until fiscal year 2018-19. The Capital lease is collateralized by a 2014 Bobcat V417 Versahandler. The present value is \$22,645.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County had no bonded debt outstanding. Twin Falls County's only debt is \$1,214,520 as of September 30, 2016, represents accrued vacation, long-term notes, and capital leases.

## Twin Falls County's Outstanding Debt

	Governme	ntal	activities	Business a	ctiviti	es		Tota	I	
	2016		2015	2016	2	015		2016		2015
Accrued vacation Contracts payable	\$ 1,081,439 110,436	\$	1,100,797 100,067	\$ 22,645	\$	31.061	\$	1,081,439 133,081	\$	1,100,797 131,128
	\$ 1,191,875	\$	1,200,864	\$ 22,645	\$	31,061	S	1,214,520	\$	1,231,925

## **Economic Facts and Next Year's Budget**

Description of currently known facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position (net assets) or results of operations (revenues, expenses, and other changes in net assets)

- Idaho's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate held at 3.8 percent in October. Nationally, the unemployment rate decreased from 5 percent to 4.9 percent. Total nonfarm over-the-year job growth in October was a net gain of 14,700, or 2.2 percent, with all sectors except natural resources experiencing over-theyear job growth. Month-to-month, growth in the state's seasonally adjusted nonfarm payrolls experienced a slight decline of 400 jobs between September and October. Gains in manufacturing, financial activities, education and health and leisure and hospitality were offset by jobs shed in natural resources, construction, trade and transportation, professional and business services and government sectors. Information and other services were unchanged. Idaho's labor force, employment and unemployment changed little in October from September with the labor force decreasing by 200 to 813,000, employment unchanged at 782,100 and the number of unemployed Idahoans falling by 200 people to 30,900. The state's labor force participation rate declined slightly to 64.0 percent; nationally the rate dropped to 62.8 percent. http://labor.idaho.gov/news/NewsReleases/tabid/1953/ctl/PressRelease/mid/38 72/itemid/3051/Default.aspx
- The population of Twin Falls County has grown steadily from 69,833 in 2005 to 82,375 in 2015, an 18 percent increase. The population grew 1.6 percent from 2014 and continues to be ranked sixth most populous county in the state. It is a thriving retail hub for south central Idaho and northern Nevada, drawing on a consumer base of about 250,000. It is also the most urban of the region's counties with 72 percent of the residents living in a city. Abundant natural resources, recreational opportunities and cultural events attract travelers and residents. The city of Twin Falls is the county seat with a population of 47,468. It lies on the edge of the spectacular Snake River Canyon spanned by the Perrine Bridge, one of the nation's few legal take-offs for BASE jumpers. A path winds along the canyon rim adjacent to a new visitor's center, retail shops, restaurants and a clubby event center, all with a bird's eye view of golf courses. World-renown Shoshone Falls is just two miles up the canyon. A strong job market, downtown redevelopment and job creation support continued growth. https://labor.idaho.gov/publications/lmi/pubs/TwinFallsProfile.pdf
- Although the economy remains heavily tied to agriculture, the county has
  diversified. Community partnerships landed Dell customer service jobs in 2002
  and replaced them in 2010 with jobs at C3 Customer Contact Channels.
  Manufacturing jobs with Jayco RV have attracted feeder companies. While
  Chobani Greek Yogurt's investment of \$750 million in plant and equipment has
  brought over 1,000 jobs to the valley. The investment brought relief to stressed
  dairies suffering from extended periods of low milk prices and higher feed costs.

Single family housing permits peaked at over 650 in 2005 but seem to have settled around 200 the last three years. Unemployment peaked at 6.9 percent in 1992, gradually fell to a record low of 2.8 percent in 2007 and hit 8.5 percent in 2010. Twin Falls County maintains its tradition of lower than the national and state unemployment rates with the labor force responding to demand of construction and manufacturing. The region typically outperforms the state in downturns. Over the last decade, Twin Falls County posted a strong gain in retail and service jobs as big box retailers converged on the northern entrance to the city and its main artery. A Walmart super center opened in 2009, five hotels were constructed along with a new high school. The Magic Valley Mall and its rim properties have experienced a surge over the last three years with seven new national retailers opening in 2015. The new regional medical center opened in 2011 with medical office and retail following. The College of Southern Idaho's new Health and Human Science building opened to students in 2010, a new residential housing unit and the Applied Technology building were constructed in 2014. Strong community support has led to multiple improvements of the Fine Arts building. A new Visitor's Center has been a resounding success. The employment outlook for Twin Falls County is strong with Clif Bar building its first commercial bakery, myriad expansions and downtown investment in a new city hall and public gathering area.

https://labor.idaho.gov/publications/lmi/pubs/TwinFallsProfile.pdf

• Construction is still in recovery mode down 26 percent from 2005-2015, while average employment grew 12.9 percent and wages increased by 3.8 percent year-over-year. Education and Healthcare experienced fantastic growth from 2005-2015 boosting employment by 92 percent. This is partly driven by the regional hospital's move from public to private when acquired by St. Luke's. Leisure and Hospitality grew by 29 percent over the decade. The workforce is mostly part-time, entry-level positions so the low average wage is attributable to the lack of hours worked. Over the last decade, wages have increased across the board, many outpacing inflation, except for government which experienced less than a point of growth annually on average. Construction jobs dropped off slightly in 2014 as industrial development took a hiatus waiting for infrastructure to catch up. All Industry jobs and wages grew about one percent and five percent respectively from 2014. Per capita income rose 24 percent over the decade, faster than the state but not the nation. Twin Falls ranks 17th among the 44 counties up 3.6 percent from 2014.

https://labor.idaho.gov/publications/lmi/pubs/TwinFallsProfile.pdf

- The unemployment rate in Twin Falls County for November 2016 is at 3.3% compared to the following years:
  - November 2015 was at 3.5%
  - November 2014 was at 3.6%
  - November 2013 was at 5.2%
  - November 2012 was at 6.5%
  - November 2011 was at 8.0%
  - November 2010 was at 8.7%
  - November 2009 was at 7.5%
  - November 2008 was at 4.6%

- Net Taxable Market Value for Twin Falls County increased in 2016
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2007 was \$3,940,134,347
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2008 was \$4,203,465,180
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2009 was \$4,308,341,085
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2010 was \$4,329,560,053
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2011 was \$4,346,492,398
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2012 was \$4,184,306,261
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2013 was \$4,269,667,068
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2014 was \$4,525,926,389
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2015 was \$4,723,136,990
  - Net Taxable Market Value for 2016 was \$4,841,942,687
- New construction value increased in 2016
  - New Construction Value for 2007 was \$164,225,307
  - New Construction Value for 2008 was \$179,067,834
  - New Construction Value for 2009 was \$124,060,336
  - New Construction Value for 2010 was \$106,953,356
  - New Construction Value for 2011 was \$41,152,460
  - New Construction Value for 2012 was \$41,535,590
  - New Construction Value for 2013 was \$47,312,183
  - New Construction Value for 2014 was \$59,607,968
  - New Construction Value for 2015 was \$58,844,382
  - New Construction Value for 2016 was \$104,908,934
- The number of building permits issued decreased in 2016
  - 289 building permits were issued in 2007
  - 237 building permits were issued in 2008
  - o 186 building permits were issued in 2009
  - o 233 building permits were issued in 2010
  - 176 building permits were issued in 2011
  - 040 hailding possite areas in 2049
  - 210 building permits were issued in 2012
  - 188 building permits were issued in 2013
  - 182 building permits were issued in 2014
  - 235 building permits were issued in 2015
  - 228 building permits were issued in 2016
- Twin Falls County's population continues to grow. The county's population in July of 2000 was at 64,325. Our population as of the 2010 Census was at 77,230 and our population estimate as of July 1, 2015 was 82,375.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Twin Falls County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of this information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Kristina Glascock, Twin Falls County Clerk, 630 Addison Avenue West, P. O. Box 126, Twin Falls, Idaho 83303-0126 (208) 736-4004.

**GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## **September 30, 2016**

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments			
In custody of county treasurer	\$ 39,189,843	\$ 5,219,149	\$ 44,408,992
In custody of other county officials	16,446	0	16,446
Receivables			
Property taxes	690,709	3,653	694,362
Sales tax	465,492	0	465,492
State revenue sharing	626,583	0	626,583
Due from other governments	77,154	0	77,154
Accounts	0	24,803	24,803
Designated cash	0	200,000	200,000
Property and equipment	20,056,928	1,773,408	21,830,336
Total assets	61,123,155	7,221,013	68,344,168
LIABILITIES			
Cash deficit	92,324	0	92,324
Accounts payable	927,338	6,334	933,672
Due to other governments	0	3,482	3,482
Accrued interest	968	0	968
Accrued vacation	1,081,439	23,451	1,104,890
Notes & capital leases payable	110,436	22,645	133,081
Total liabilities	2,212,505	55,912	2,268,417
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue	0	23,894	23,894
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net related debt	19,946,492	1,750,763	21,697,255
Restricted	. 0	200,000	200,000
Unrestricted	<u>38,964,158</u>	5,190,444	44,154,602
Total net position	<u>\$ 58,910,650</u>	<b>\$</b> 7,141,207	<u>\$ 66,051,857</u>

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For the year ended September 30, 2016

Net Position	Total	\$ 10,765,206) 13,589,510) 292,702) 1,245,532) 4,038,863) 631,550) 782,866) 31,346,229)	720,852 109,080) 611,772	21,903,584 1,819,100 1,783,874 2,158,848 528,867 633,097 5,117,514 3,944,884 3,210,427 62,841,430 \$ 66,051,857	
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Business-Type Activities		\$ 720,852 109,080) ( 611,772	101,256 101,256 0 372,477 473,733 1,085,505 6,055,702	
Net (Expense) R	Governmental Activities	(\$ 10,765,206) (13,589,510) (292,702) (1,245,532) 4,038,863) (231,550) (31,346,229)	0 (0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	21,802,328 1,819,100 1,783,874 2,158,848 528,867 260,620 5,117,514 33,471,151 2,124,922 56,785,728	
	Capital Grants and Contributions	w			
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 639,500 135,883 358,883 30,000 111,978 1,276,199	0 0 0	urpose cial items	
	Charges for Services	\$ 4,072,777 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		evied for general precipitations and spining	)
	Expenses	\$ 14,837,983 14,229,010 428,585 1,604,370 4,068,863 743,528 782,866	2,805,641 1,311,761 4,117,402	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Property taxes, levied fo Sales tax Payment in-lieu Revenue sharing Liquor control act funds interest and investment ea Miscellaneous Total general reven Changes in net position Net position - beginning	•
	FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	Governments activities General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Depreciation Total governmental	Business type: Solid waste Fair board Total business type activities	Total Primary government	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2016

Total Governmental Funds	\$ 39,189,843 16,446 690,709 465,492 626,583 77,154 41,066,227	0	\$ 41,066,227		\$ 92,324 927,338 1,019,662	617,263	0 0 0 0 39,429,302 39,429,302	\$ 41,066,227
Non Major Governmental Funds	6,103,090 1 0 0 90,680 0 0 58,541 6,252,311	0	6,252,311		92,324 185,781 278,105	83,715	0 0 0 0 5,890,491	6,252,311
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 11,764,399 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	\$ 11,764,399 \$		\$ 0 \$ 10,345	0	0 0 0 11,754,054	\$ 11,764,39 <u>9</u>
Justice Fund	\$ 8,247,891 0 241,104 0 0 0 8,488,995	0	\$ 8,488,995		\$ 0 170,325 170,325	221,057	0 0 0 0 8,097,613	\$ 8,488,995
Indigent	\$ 3,271,338 0 82,352 0 0 0 0 0 3,353,690	0	\$ 3,353,690		\$ 236,889 236,889	61,439	0 0 0 3,055,362 3,055,362	\$ 3,353,690
General	\$ 9,803,125 16,446 276,573 465,492 626,583 11,206,832	0	\$ 11,206,832		\$ 323,998 323,998	251,052	0 0 0 10,631,782 10,631,782	\$ 11,206,832
Assets and deferred outflow of resources	Assets Cash and investments In custody of county treasurer In custody of other county officials Receivables Property taxes Sales tax State revenue sharing Due from other governments Total assets	Deferred outflow of resources	Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	Liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balances	Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue - property tax	Fund balances Non-spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balance

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## **September 30, 2016**

Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$	39,429,302
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the State of Net Position are different because:	tement			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are r financial resources and therefore are not reported the funds.				
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	<b>\$</b>	28,360,593 8,303,665)		20,056,928
Some property taxes will not be collected for several mo- after the County's fiscal year end. They are not consid available revenues in the governmental funds, but are recorded as deferred tax revenues. However, they are recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities.				617,263
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the curre period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	ent			
Accrued interest Accrued vacation Long-term notes and capital leases payable	(	968) 1,081,439) <u>110,436</u> )	(	1,192,843)

\$ 58,910,650

Net position of governmental activities

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

		L	or the year ende	For the year ended September 30, 2016	, 2016				
					Capital	Non Major	Major	Total	
		General	Indigent Fund	Justice Fund	Project Fund	Governmenta Funds	mental ds	Governmenta Funds	<u>la</u>
Revenues Dronorth taxes	<b>.</b>	8 747 683	\$ 2,152,832	\$ 7.972.350	9	s	2.957.035	\$ 21.829.900	9.900
Licenses and permits	•	1.778,256					1,194,738		4,747,754
Intercovernmental		6.295,578	0	•	0	•	1,442,355	7,73	7,737,933
Miscellaneous		1.096,275	68.402	1,429,895	887,728		1,049,812	4,53	4,532,112
Total revenues		17,917,792	3,226,498	10,171,741	887,728		6,643,940	38,847,699	669'
Expenditures									
Current operating:			•	•	6	•	000	7 4	77
General government		12,478,572	0	0	1,936,712		2,006,858	16,422,142	2,142
Public safety		4,133,070	0	9,630,768	0		465,172	14,229,010	3,010
Public works		62,286	0	0	0		366,299	42	428,585
Indicial			0	0	0	•	1,604,370	1,60	1,604,370
Welfare			3.078.990	0	0		989,873	4,06	4,068,863
Cultural and recreation		6	0	0	0		743.528	74	743,528
Total expenditures		16,673,928	3,078,990	9,630,768	1,936,712	9	6,176,100	37,496,498	3,498
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,243,864	147,508	540,973	( 1,048,984)		467,840	1,35	1,351,201
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in		0 8.473.304)	00	00	8,472,304		1,000	8,47	8,473,304 8,473,304)
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,473,304)	0	0	8,472,304		1,000		0
Net change in fund balance	J	7,229,440)	147,508	540,973	7,423,320		468,840	1,35	1,351,201
Fund balance, October 1, 2015		17,861,222	2,907,854	7,556,640	4,330,734	40	5,421,651	38,078,101	3,101
Fund balance, September 30, 2016	S	10,631,782	\$ 3,055,362	\$ 8,097,613	\$ 11,754,054	8	5,890,491	\$ 39,429,302	3,302

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2016

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	1,351,201
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statemen Activities are different because:	nt			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.				
Expenditures for capitalized assets Deletion of capitalized assets	<b>,</b> \$	3,097,330 1,522,158)		
Less current year depreciation	<u>`</u>	782,866)		792,306
Repayment of bond principal and capital leases are expenditured in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-liabilities in the Statement of Net Position				
Accrued vacation FY15	,	1,100,797		
Accrued vacation FY16 Notes and lease contract proceeds	}	1,081,439) 43,485)		
Note and lease principal retirement	`_	33 <u>,116</u>		
				8,989
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds, but are recorded as deferred tax revenues. However, they are recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities.				
Deferred property taxes FY15	(	644,835)		
Deferred property taxes FY16	·	617,263		
			(	27,572)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, this requiring the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due.				
Accrued interest FY15		966		
Accrued interest FY16	(	968)	,	a.
			' —	<u>2</u> )
Change in net assets in governmental activities			<u>\$</u>	2,124,922

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## September 30, 2016

	_ <u>So</u>	lid Waste		Fair Board		Total
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalent	\$	5,043,942	\$	175,207	\$	5,219,149
Taxes receivable		0		3,653		3,653
Accounts receivable		<u> </u>		24,803		24,803
Total current assets		5,043,942		203,663		5,247,605
Property, buildings and equipment		0		1,773,408		1,773,408
Other assets						
Reserved cash and cash equivalents		0		200,000		200,000
Total assets		5,043,942	_	<u> 2,177,071</u>		7,221,013
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		0		6,334		6,334
Sales tax payable		0		3,482		3,482
Deferred compensation payable		0		13,126		13,126
Current portion of long-term debt		0		8,838		8,838
Total current liabilities		0		31,780		31,780
Long-term debt						
Accrued vacation		0		10,325		10,325
Capital leases payable		0		13,807		13,807
Total long-term liabilities		0		24,132	_	24,132
Total liabilities		0		55,912	_	55,912
Deferred inflow of resources						
Unavailable revenue		0		23,894		23,894
Total deferred inflow of resources		0	_	23,894		23,894
Net position						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		0		1,750,763		1,750,763
Restricted		Ō		200,000		200,000
Unrestricted		<u>5,043,942</u>	_	146,502		5,190,444
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	5,043,942	<u>\$</u>	2,097,265	\$	7,141,207

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## For the year ended September 30, 2016

	_Sc	olid Waste			Fair Board		Total
Operating revenues							
Fees Charged	\$	3,526,493		\$	1,188,114	\$	4,714,607
Other	-	<u> </u>			14,567	_	14,567
Total operating revenues	_	3,526,493			1,202,681		4,729,174
Operating expenses							
Salaries		0			301,813		301,813
Landfill costs		2,799,485			0		2,799,485
Fair costs		0			855,423		855,423
Other		3,742			22,672		26,414
Depreciation		2,414			131,853		134,267
Total operating expenses		2,805,641			1,311,761		4,117,402
Operating income		720,852	(		109,080)		611,772
Nonoperating income (expenses)							
Interest income		371,865			653		372,518
Property taxes		0			101,256		101,256
Grant revenue		0			0		0
Interest expense		0	(		<u>41</u> ) (		<u>41</u> )
Total nonoperating revenues	_	371,865			101,868	_	473,733
Net earnings		1,092,717	(		7,212)		1,085,505
Total net position, October 1, 2015		3,951,225			2,104,477		6,055,702
Total net position, September 30, 2016	\$	5,043,942		<u>\$</u>	2,097,265	<u>\$</u>	7,141,207

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Solid Waste	Fair Board	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 3,542,194 0 2,803,227)	\$ 1,213,486 ( 960,913) ( ( <u>252,476</u> ) (	\$ 4,755,680 960,913) 3,055,703)
Net cash provided by operating activities	738,967	97	739,064
Cash flows from noncapital related financing activities  Tax revenue  Operating transfer out	0 0	101,256 0 101,256	101,256 0 101,256
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Property and equipment (additions) deletions Principal paid on long-term debt	0 0	( 146,479) ( ( 8,416) ( ( 154,895) (	146,479) 8,416) 154,895)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received	371,865	<u>653</u>	372,518
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,110,832	( 52,889)	1,057,943
Cash, October 1, 2015	3,933,110	428,096	4,361,206
Cash, September 30, 2016	<b>\$</b> 5,043,942	<u>\$ 375,207</u>	<u>\$ 5,419,149</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 720,852</u>	( \$ 109,080)	<u>\$ 611,772</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	2,414 15,701 0 0	10,805	134,267 26,506 20,846) <u>12,635</u> )
Total adjustments	18,115	109,177	127,292
Net cash provided by operating activities	<b>\$</b> 738,967	<b>\$</b> 97	<b>\$</b> 739,064

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## **September 30, 2016**

	Agency <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	2,969,158
Property taxes receivable		1,565,771
Sales tax receivable		597,342
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	5,132,271
LIABILITIES		
Warrants/voucher payable	s	778,727
Deferred revenue	1750	2,031,972
Due to other governments		2,105,711
Due to recipients		215,861
Total liabilities	\$	5,132,271

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

## For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Agency Funds
ADDITIONS	
Property and sales taxes collected for taxing authority	\$ 177,587,623
DEDUCTIONS	
Amounts paid to taxing authorities (	<u>176,673,736</u> )
Change in net position	913,887
Net position - October 1, 2015	4,218,384
Net position - September 30, 2016	<b>\$</b> 5,132,271

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

## **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The County is governed by a three member elected commission. The Board of Commissioners possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Commission is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance County system operations and construction.

The financial statements of Twin Falls County, State of Idaho have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## 1. Reporting Entity

The general purpose financial statements included herein present the financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/net position, changes in assets and liabilities of certain fiduciary fund types and changes in cash of the proprietary fund types of Twin Falls County. The scope of the reporting entity is intended to cover those funds under the direct jurisdiction of the Twin Falls County Board of Commissioners.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit with the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight

The following is defined as a component unit of the reporting entity of Twin Falls County:

## **Blended Component Unit**

## **Twin Falls County Fair Board**

The County Commissioners appoint the Fair Board, approve the Fair Board's budgets, authorize all Fair Board borrowing, and attend Fair Board meetings.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**September 30, 2016** 

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 1. Reporting Entity - continued

In addition, the County receives and disburses money from various agency accounts held for other entities. These accounts are maintained for others only in a fiduciary capacity and beyond that capacity are not included in this report.

#### 2. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statement

The government - wide financial statements (i.e. the statements of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the County as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the *governmental* and *business type* activities of the County. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for government and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financials statements.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

Government - Wide Financial Statements - The government - wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government - wide financial statements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**September 30, 2016** 

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# 3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> - continued

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest due early in the following year and, therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized. Compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state aid, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally the are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the County before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as the fiscal year, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue on the government fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Indigent Fund</u> - The Indigent Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Justice Fund</u> - The Justice Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - The Fiduciary Fund accounts for assets held by the county on behalf of others and include the property tax collections of all taxing authorities in the county.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# 3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> - continued

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Bureau.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### 4. Investments

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, The State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing County of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. Interest earned from investments is allocated to major funds based on their average balances for the month interest is earned. Funds to which interest is always allocated include the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects funds.

#### 5. <u>Investment Income</u>

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair market value of applicable investments. Investment income is reported as earnings on investment in the fund financial statements.

#### 6. Receivables and Payables

Receivables as stated in the balance sheet are considered collectible by the County Commissioners; accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not considered necessary nor is on applied to receivables.

Idaho counties are responsible for collecting property taxes, assessing penalties and if necessary, sale of the property. In addition, the county maintains all the records and is responsible for remitting property tax amounts to the various taxing entities within the county boundaries.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 6. Receivables and Payables - continued

All real property is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. The amount of tax levied is developed by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1, of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes on property for the county are due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of December; however, they may be paid in two installments with the second installment due June 20. Twelve percent APR interest is charged and two percent penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a three year waiting period, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the county with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation. The major classifications of personal property are commercial, mobile homes, marine, aircraft and agricultural.

The County's property tax is levied each September on the market value as of December 1<sup>st</sup> of the prior calendar year. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from" other funds.

#### 7. Prepaid Supplies and Inventories

Prepaid supplies are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The County maintains a limited inventory of high volume items that are best purchased in large lots and are expensed when used. These are carried in current assets in fund financial statements and are always consumed within one year.

#### 8. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government - wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 8. Capital Assets - continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful life using the following as a guideline:

Land and improvements 20-25 years
Buildings and improvements 20-50 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment 5-15 years

#### 9. Compensated Absences

<u>Accumulated Employee Benefit Amounts</u> - Employee benefit amounts are recognition of corresponding liabilities are as follows:

a. Accumulated sick pay and employee benefits (vacation) amounts have been accrued. The county adopted a policy of paying for unused sick leave based on years of employment with the County. The unused leave would be paid upon termination of employment.

#### 10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government - wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Notes and capital leases Payable</u> - The long-term liability payments for the County's Notes and leases payable are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

#### 11. Net Position

In the fund financial statements, government funds report reservations of net position for amounts that are not available for expenditures or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balances represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Reserved balances reported are: None

#### 12. Inter-fund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers between government funds are eliminated in the statement of activities. Inter-fund financial statements are reported as a subset of other financing sources/uses.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 14. Adopted Change in Accounting System

GASB has issued Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

#### 15. Equity Classifications

- a. County-Wide Financial Statements The County reports net position in three categories invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.
- b. Fund Financial Statements The County has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which redefines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. There are five classifications of fund balance as presented below:

Non-spendable - These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. In this category, one would see inventory, long-term receivables, unless proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned and legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus or a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions. In this category, one would see restricted purpose grant funds, debt service or capital projects.

<u>Committed</u> - Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making. Any changes of designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented and should occur prior to end of fiscal year, though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> - These funds are intended to be used for specific purposes, intent is expressed by: governing body or an official delegated by the governing body.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. This, however should not be a negative number for the general fund. If it is, the assigned fund balance must be adjusted.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 15. Equity Classifications - continued

Order of Use of Fund Balance - The County's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined.

#### NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with governmental accounting principles utilizing the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated revenue and expenditure budgets are adopted for general, special revenue, debt service and capital funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund total level.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. At the end of the year these items are expensed and accrued to the balance sheet as liabilities to report them in the period they were actually committed.

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho adheres to County budget requirements in Title 31 of the Idaho Code. The provisions of this section include the following procedures to establish the budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements.

- a) No later than the first Monday in August a tentative budget shall be adopted. The tentative budget shall be published prior to the third Monday in August.
- b) On the Tuesday following the first Monday in September the Commissioners shall hold a public meeting to adopt a final budget.
- c) Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- d) The Commissioners may make a general reserve not to exceed 5% of the current expense budget as finally adopted. Appropriations may be made therefrom upon unanimous vote of the commissioners.
- e) Budgets adjustments may be made by following the annual budget requirements.

<u>Excess Expenditures Over Budget</u> - The following individual major funds had expenditures that exceeded the revised budget for the year ended September 30, 2016.

**NONE** 

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### September 30, 2016

#### **NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits and investments are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at September 30, 2016, as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amount of deposits Carrying amount of investments	<b>\$</b>	25,775,752 21,726,520
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	47,502,272
Statement of net position cash and investments Fiduciary funds cash	\$	44,533,114 2,969,158
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	47,502,272

The County complies with the Idaho Code, Title 67, Chapter 12 in handling its depository and investing transactions. County funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Code. The Code also authorizes the County to invest.

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, the State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing County of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. The degree of risk of the LGIP depends upon the underlying portfolio.

The code governs the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of depository shall remain in effect. The County considers the actions of the State to be a helpful oversight for protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

#### 1. Deposits:

At September 30, 2016, the County had the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying		Bank	Amount			
	 Amount	Balance			Insured		
Twin Falls County	\$ 25,775,752	\$	25,987,054	\$	22,203,708		

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a governments' deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2016, \$3,783,346 of the County's bank deposits was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

#### 2. Investments:

At September 30, 2016, the County had the following investments summarized by investment type and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)								
Investment Type	Fair <u>Value</u>	Less Than 1	1-5	-	5-10	_		More Than 10		
Twin Falls County: Diversified Bond Fund Idaho State Treasurer	\$ 5,210,911 16,533,180	\$ 5,210,911 16,533,180	\$	0 <u>0</u>	\$	0 0	\$	0		
Total investments	<u>\$21,744,091</u>	<u>\$ 21,744,091</u>	\$	<u>D</u>	\$	<u>0</u>	\$	0		

- a. Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Idaho code which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested.
- b. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At September 30, 2016, the County has the following investments subject to credit risk:

		Credit Quality Ratin						
	Fair	Less Than						
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	AA/A		<del></del>	<u> </u>	_	Unrated	
Twin Falls County								
Diversified Bond Fund	\$ 5,210,911	\$	0	\$	0	\$	5,210,911	
Idaho State Treasurer	<u>16,533,180</u>		0		0		<u>16,533,180</u>	
	<u>\$ 21,744,091</u>	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	21,744,091	

c. Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Code and related rules.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### September 30, 2016

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

- 2. Investments continued
- d. Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The County places no other limit on the amount of investments to be held by counter parties. As of September 30, 2016, \$25,527,437 of the government's bank balance of \$47,731,145 was exposed to custodial credit risks as follows:

Depository Account	Bank Balance			
Insured	\$	500,000		
Collateralized:				
Collateral held by County's agent in the				
County's name		11,703,708		
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust		, ,		
department in the County's name		10,000,000		
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust				
department not in the County's name		0		
Uninsured and uncollateralized		25,527,437		
Total deposits	<u>\$</u>	47,731,145		

#### **NOTE D - DESIGNATED CASH**

The Twin Falls County Fair Board, a component unit, has designated cash for the purpose of constructing new buildings on the fair grounds. The amount designated was \$ 200,000 at year end.

#### NOTE E - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the County's governmental individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	(	Seneral Fund		idigent Fund		Justice Fund	Other on-major Funds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	276,573	\$	82,352	\$	241,104	\$ 90,680	\$	690,709
Sales tax		465,492		0		0	0		465,492
State revenue sharing		626,583		0		0	0		626,583
Due from other governments	_	18,613		0	_	0	 <u>58,541</u>		77,154
	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,387,261</u>	<u>\$</u>	82,352	<u>\$</u>	241,104	\$ 149,221	<u>\$</u>	1,859,938

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### September 30, 2016

#### **NOTE E - RECEIVABLES - CONTINUED**

Government funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u> Unavailable</u>			
Delinquent property taxes receivable				
General Fund	\$	251,052		
Indigent Fund		61,439		
Justice Fund		221,057		
Other Non-major Funds		83,715		
Total deferred revenue for		_		
governmental funds	\$	617,263		

#### **NOTE F - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

During the 2003-04 fiscal year Valuations Northwest, Inc. made a cost appraisal of the capital assets of the County. The result of that valuation is reflected in these financial statements.

#### 1. Governmental Activities

	Balance 9/30/15	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/16
Capital assets not being depreciated:	<u> </u>	Additions		<u> </u>
Land	<u>\$ 1,939,755</u>	\$ 0	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,939,755</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and				
improvements	22,027,497	1,910,196	0	23,937,693
Equipment	2,208,282	274,863	0	2,483,145
Construction in				
progress - TARC jail	609.887	912,271	<u>1,522,158</u>	0
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	<u>24,845,666</u>	3,097,330	<u>1,522,158</u>	<u>26,420,838</u>
Less accumulated depreciation: Building and				
improvements	6,341,650	598,659	0	6,940,309
Equipment	1,179,149	184,207	0	1,363,356
Total accumulated				
depreciation	7,520,799	<u> 782,866</u>	0	<u>8,303,665</u>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **September 30, 2016**

#### **NOTE F - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - CONTINUED**

#### 1. Governmental Activities - continued

		Balance 9/30/15		Additions	_	Deletions		Balance <u>9/30/16</u>
Total capital assets,	being	I						
depreciated, net	<u>\$ 1</u>	7,324,8 <u>67</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,314,464	<u>\$</u> _	1,522,158	\$	<u> 18,117,173</u>
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$_1</u>	<u>9,264,622</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,314,464	<u>\$</u>	1,522,158	<u>\$</u>	20,056,928
2. <u>Business Activities</u>								
Solid waste fund Buildings and								
improvements	\$	60,035	\$	0	\$	0	\$	60,035
Equipment		627,271		0		0		627,271
Landfill		4,382,226		0		0	_	<u>4,382,226</u>
	<u>\$</u>	5,069,532	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0		5,069,532
Less accumulated	dep	reciation					(_	5,069,532)
Book value Septe	mber	30, 2016					-	0
Fair Board								
Land	\$	178,260	\$	0	\$	0		178,260
Land improvement		344,923		0		0		344,923
Buildings Machinery and		3,158,674		162,189		0		3,320,863
equipment Construction in		448,372		4,402		0		452,774
progress		23,457	_	66,163	_	86,275	_	3,345
	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,153,686</u>	<u>\$</u>	232,754	<u>\$</u>	86,275		4,300,165
Less accumulated	depre	ciation					(_	2,526,757)
Book value Septen	nber 3	30, 2016					_	1,773,408
Total book value - e	nterp	rise funds					<u>\$</u>	1,773,408

Buildings and land improvements are being depreciated on the straight-line basis over lives ranging from 10 to 30 years.

Equipment is being depreciated on the straight-line basis over lives ranging from 5 to 15 years.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **September 30, 2016**

#### **NOTE G - CONTRACTS PAYABLE**

Contracts payable consisted of the following:

In September 2016, the County entered into a contract with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer (Coronor). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$7,981.	\$	22,473
In April 2016, the County entered into a contract with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2016 Ford Edge SE 4WD and a Ford Taurus. The interest rate on the contract is 4.40%. 4.40%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$7,163.		21,012
In January 2015, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Chevy Suburban (Sheriff Dep). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$9,664.		18,494
In October 2013 the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2013 Dodge Journey SXT. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$6,370.		5,784
In October 2014, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Ford F-250 Super Duty. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$7,272.		13,708
In October 2013 the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2014 Toyota Sienna L. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$5,558.		15,669
In June 2015 the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a KIOTI NX 4510 tractor. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$6,948.		13,296
Capital Lease payable to GE Capital, inc. is due in monthly installments of \$813 including interest at 4.90% per annum until fiscal year 2018-19. The Capital lease is collateralized by a 2014 Bobcat V417 Versahandler.		22,645
	<u>\$</u>	<u>133,081</u>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**September 30, 2016** 

#### **NOTE G - CONTRACTS PAYABLE - CONTINUED**

#### **Future Minimum Lease Payments**

<u>Year</u>	
2017	\$ 66,031
2018	54,231
2019	19,197
2020	0
2021	0
2021-2025	0
	139,459
Amount representing interest	( <u>6,378</u> )
	<u>\$ 133,081</u>

#### NOTE H - CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general long-term debt account group and all Enterprise funds.

	Balance 10/01/15	Additions	Reductions	Balance 09/30/16
General long-term debt ac	count group			
Accrued vacation Contracts payable	\$ 1,100,797 100,067	\$ 0 43,485	\$ 19,358 <u>33,116</u>	\$ 1,081,439 110,436
	1,200,864	43,485	52,474	1,191,875
Enterprise funds				
Twin Falls County Fair				
Contracts payable	<u>31,061</u>	0	<u>8,416</u>	22,645
	<b>\$ 1,231,925</b>	<b>\$ 43,485</b>	\$ 60,890	<b>\$ 1,214,520</b>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### September 30, 2016

#### **NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLAN**

The County had a voluntary plan for its full-time employees through a defined benefit plan until September 30, 2015. Contributions to the plan required and paid by the Twin Falls County were \$1,363,212, \$1,325,575 for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 respectively.

The County became participants in the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho in October 2015. Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI), a cost sharing multiples-employer public retirement system, was created by the Idaho State Legislature. It is a defined benefit plan requiring that both the member and the employer contribute. The plan provides benefits based on members' years of service, age, and compensation. In addition, the benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members of beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is established in Idaho Code. Designed as a mandatory system for eligible state and school district employees, the legislation provided for other political subdivisions to participate by contractual agreement with PERSI. Financial reports for the plan are available from PERSI upon request.

After five (5) years of credited service, employees become fully vested in the retirement benefits earned to date. Members are elibible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. For each year of credited service, the annual service retirement allowance is 1.917% or 2.25% (depending upon the employee classification) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive forty-two months.

The contribution requirements of the Twin Falls County and its employees are established and may be amended by the PERSI Board of Trustees. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the required contribution rate for employees was 11.32% and 6.79% of covered payroll for the Twin Falls County and its employees, respectively. The Twin Falls County contributions required and paid were \$2,047,092 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

#### **NOTE J - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE**

The following major funds reported a deficit fund balance at fiscal year end:

#### NONE

#### **NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County purchases commercial insurance to cover the risk of property loss and legal liability through a local agent. The insurer, provides a full schedule of coverage to meet various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters.

The basic insurance agreements cover claims against municipalities for all government functions, utilities, and services covered in the Plan. These include bodily injury, property damage, wrongful acts, personal injury, and related torts under the State tort claims law and federal civil rights laws.

All public officials, employees, services, and municipal functions are covered unless they are specifically listed as exclusions in the Plan.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

September 30, 2016

#### NOTE L - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The County maintains two enterprise funds which provide sanitary landfill services, and operate the County fair. Segment information for the year ended September 30, 2016 was as follows:

	<u>_s</u>	olid Waste_		<u>Fairboard</u>	Enterprise Funds			
Operating revenues	\$	3,526,493	\$	1,202,681	\$	4,729,174		
Depreciation expense		2,414		131,853		134,267		
Operating income (loss)		720,852	(	109,080)		611,772		
Nonoperating revenues		371,865		101,909		473,774		
Net earnings (loss)		1,092,717	(	7,212)		1,085,505		
Property and equipment			•					
additions		0		146,479		146,479		
Net working capital		5,043,942		171,883		5,215,825		
Total assets		5,043,942		2,177,071		7,221,013		
Total net position		5,043,942		2,097,265		7,141,207		

#### **NOTE M - CONTINGENCIES**

Amounts received or receivables from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts								
									ariance vorable
		Original		Final		Actual	(		avorable)
Revenues							•		•
Current									
Property taxes	\$	9,321,015	\$	9,321,015	\$	8,747,683	(	\$	573,332)
Auditor's fees		130,000		130,000		135,688			5,688
County administration fee		324,000		324,000		329,732			5,732
Assessors postage		39,000		39,000		37,371	(		1,629)
Refund of expenses		31,200		31,200		37,468			6,268
Drivers licenses		143,000		143,000		170,767			27,767
Court fees		0		0		1,200			1,200
SIRCOMM		181,948		181,948		172,045	(		9,903)
Liquor control act funds		450,000		450,000		528,867	·		78,867
Sales tax		1,400,000		1,400,000		1,651,944			251,944
Payment-in-lieu		1,000,500		1,000,500		1,783,874			783,374
Revenue Sharing		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,158,848			158,848
Investment interest		200,000		200,000		260,620			60,620
Penalties and interest		70,000		70,000		57,628	(		12,372)
Licenses		38,000		38,000		42,469	•		4,469
Building permits		223,000		223,000		302,099			79,099
Fees		412,000		412,000		796,301			384,301
Other		1,538,435		1,538,435		703,188	-{		835,247)
Total revenues	_	17,502,098	_	17,502,098	_	17,917,792	•		415,694
Expenditures									
General									
Current									
County car expense		2,000		2,000		1,230			770
Special services		22,000		22,000		16,003			5,997
Telephone and postage		15,000		15,000		9,630			5,370
Audit expenses		49,500		49,500		47,500			2,000
IAC dues		15,355		15,355		15,354			1
Dues and administration		40,000		40,000		38,113			1,887
Public lands assessment		858		858		852			6
County share FICA		972,588		972,588		938,309			34,279
Guardian ad litem		46,000		46,000		47,810	(		1,810)
Medicare		227,455		227,455		219,442			8,013
Retirement		1,786,947		1,786,947		1,747,763			39,184
Unemployment insurance		74,899		74,899		27,982			46,917
Group insurance		2,478,106		2,478,106		2,108,400			369,706
Workman's compensation		308,620		308,620		203,922			104,698
Wellness program		4,000		4,000		11,195	(		7,195)

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable ( <u>Unfavorable</u> )
Expenditures - continued				
General - continued				
Current - continued				
Animal control	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 0
Separation fund	128,000	128,000	122,461	5,539
SIRCOMM (911)	353,869	353,869	353,869	0
Grant expense	14,000	14,000	8,000	6,000
Airport	377,712	377,712	375,287	2,425
Animal control	3,800	3,800	3,800	0
General reserve	100,000	40,000	8,804	31,19 <u>6</u>
Soil conservation	24,750	24,750	24,750	
Computer maintenance	85,550	85,550	88,823	( 3,273)
Computer supplies	15,000	15,000	8,392	6,608
Computer personnel	208,092	208,092	208,092	0
County museum	24,000	24,000	24,000	0
Drug testing	12,000	12,000	11,213	787
Central purchasing	1,000	1,000	0	1,000
TF Area trans committee	221,477	221,477	221,477	0
Special attorney needs	80,000	80,000	32,687	47,313
Other public funded attorney	230,000	230,000	297,197	( 67,197)
CARES	30,000	30,000	29,925	75
Transcripts	50,000	50,000	31,329	18,671
Interfaith caregivers	5,000	5,000	5,000	0
SECDO	7,019	7,019	7,669	( 650)
SCITRDA	2,050	2,050	2,050	0
Snake River study	2,922	2,922	2,922	0
Capital outlay	272,300	272,300	265,888	6,412
Total general	<u>8,341,869</u>	<u>8,281,869</u>	<u>7,617,140</u>	<u>664,729</u>
Assessor				
Current	000 000	000 000	000 400	44 700
Salaries	839,928	839,928	828,138	11,790
Mileage	100	100	0	100
Hotel and meals	1,400	1,400	820	580
Registrations	1,500	1,500	1,700	( 200)
Records and supplies	13,300	13,300	14,790	( 1,490)
Postage	55,000	55,000	62,091	( 7,091)
GIS mapping system expenses	26,000	26,000	17,475	8,525
Buhl motor vehicle office	4,100	4,100	4,689	( 589)
Equipment and repairs	9,800	9,800	5,427	4,373
Publication and printing	1,000	1,000	928	<u>72</u>
Total assessor	<u>952,128</u>	<u>952,128</u>	<u>936,058</u>	<u>16,070</u>

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

		Budgeted							
Expenditures - continued	_	Original	<u>Final</u> <u>Actual</u>		(	Fa	ariance vorable <u>avorable</u> )		
Auditor, Clerk, Recorder Current									
Salaries	s	1,359,291	\$	1,409,291	\$	1,406,881		\$	2,410
Transportation	Ψ	4,000	Ψ	4,000	Ψ	3,029		Ψ	971
Hotels and meals		2,000		2,000		1,373			627
Special Services		1,000		1,000		516			484
Registration		5,500		5,500		3,901			1,599
Records and supplies		10,000		10,000		9,430			1,599 570
Postage		9,000		9,000		7,767			1,233
Equipment and repairs		5,000		5,000		5,213	,		213)
Lease copier		1,500		1,500		1,397	١,		103
Publication and printing		500		500 500		1,324	,		82 <u>4</u> )
Total Auditor, Clerk, Recorder		1,397,791		1,447,791	_	1,440,831	'		6,960
County Commissioners									
Current									
Salaries		304,422		304,422		303,772			650
County 1 transportation		3,750		3,750		1,301			2,449
County 2 transportation		3,750		3,750		1,714			2,036
County 3 transportation		3,750		3,750		2,052			1,698
Training		1,500		1,500		399			1,101
Records and supplies		3,500		3,500		3,262			238
Cell phones		1,200		1,200		1,482	(		282)
Postage		750		750		312			438
Publications and printing		5,000		5,000		2,957			2,043
Total Commissioners		327,622		327,622		317,251			10,371

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	 Budgeted	<u>Amou</u>	nts					
Expenditures - continued Coroner	 Original		Final		Actual	( .	Favo	ance prable <u>porable</u> )
Current								
Salaries	\$ 175,905	\$	175,905	\$	169,060		\$	6,845
Transportation	6,000		6,000		10,485	(		4,485)
Hotels and meals	4,500		4,500		902	Ţ		3,598
Registrations	3,000		3,000		1,482			1,518
Other	4,000		4,000		5,210	(		1,210)
Phones	3,800		3,800		1,473	•		2,327
Postage	300		300		80			220
Office	3,000		3,000		2,052			948
Autopsies	20,000		30,000		33,390	(		3,390)
Chemicals analysis and x-rays	22,000		22,000		24,423	i		2,423)
Lease pickup	3,300		3,300		0	•		3,300
Total coroner	 245,805	=	255,805	_	248,557			7,248
County agent								
Current								
Contract Services	 <u> 173,173</u>		<u> 173,173</u>		<u> 173,173</u>			0
Total county agent	173,173		173,173		173,173			0

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts								Variance		
		<u> Driginal</u>	_	Final		Actual	(		avorable favorable )		
Expenditures - continued											
Janitor											
Current			_		_			_			
Salaries	\$	207,254	\$	207,254	\$	207,026		\$	228		
Lights, power, water		140,000		140,000		158,138	(		18,138)		
Fuel		50,000		50,000		29,884			20,116		
Vehicle Expense		4,000		4,000		2,128			1,872		
Uniform Clothing		1,000		1,000		1,020	(		20)		
Cell Phones		1,350		1,350		1,107			243		
Equipment and repair		32,000		32,000		32,960	(		960)		
Building maintenance		70,000		70,000		76,826	- (		6,826)		
Repair		11,000		11,000		12,997	(		1,997)		
Capital outlay		<u>48,350</u>		<u>48,350</u>		42,590			<u>5,760</u>		
Total janitor		<u>564,954</u>		<u>564,954</u>		<u>564,676</u>			<u> 278</u>		
Sheriff											
Current											
Salaries		3,440,752		3,440,752		3,369,151			71,601		
Fund buys, training		8,000		8,000		3,120			4,880		
County car		290,000		290,000		184,625			105,375		
Transportation public		40,000		40,000		44,277	(		4,277)		
Hotel & meals		17,000		17,000		17,977	i		977)		
Crime prevention		4,600		4,600		4,401	•		199		
Hire drug test		7,000		7,000		3,150			3,850		
Records & supplies		23,200		23,200		15,555			7,645		
Telephone & postage		26,500		26,500		24,752			1,748		
Dues, fees		5,000		5,000		4,318			682		
Victim services		1,000		1,000		657			343		
Repairs		3,000		3,000		7,904	(		4,904)		
Equipment		41,159		41,159		44,688	ì		3,529)		
Teletype rental		12,500		12,500		12,500	•		· oʻ		
Weapons & equipment		5,000		5,000		4,163			837		
Ammunition		30,000		30,000		31,950	(		1,950)		
Maintenance contracts		15,100		15,100		11,522	`		3,578		
Publication & printing		5,000		5,000		2,230			2,770		
Special investigation		6,000		6,000		4,352			1,648		
Radio expense		4,000		4,000		2,956			1,044		
Special investigation		7,500		7,500		8,325	1		825)		
Police education		20,000		20,000		20,635	ì		635)		
Search & rescue		5,000		5,000		1,708	•		3,292		
Forest service agreement		19,000		19,000		18,941			59		

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND**

Expenditures - continued	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable ( <u>Unfavorable</u> )
Sheriff - continued				
Current - continued				
Boat & waterway expense	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 0
Uniform & clothing	19,000	19,000	21,865	( 2,865)
Reserve law enforcement	500	500	500	· oʻ
Crisis response	13,500	13,500	13,122	378
Body armor	5,000	5,000	. 0	5,000
New and used vehicles	140,000	140,000	140,000	. 0
Computer equipment/program	13,891	13,891	<u> 13,891</u>	0
Total sheriff	4,231,202	4,231,202	4,036,235	194,967
Treasurer				
Current				
Salaries	281,401	281,401	265,935	15,466
Transportation	2,000	2,000	514	1,486
Hotels & meals	2,500	2,500	1,190	1,310
Special services	1,500	1,500	1,363	137
Title search	20,000	20,000	17,000	3,000
Registration	1,250	1,250	760	490
Records & supplies	5,000	5,000	5,501	( 501)
Postage	24,000	24,000	<b>28,391</b>	( 4,391)
Equipment & repair	2,500	2,500	2,517	( 17)
Publication & printing	6,000	6,000	5,668	332
Publication Administration	<u> 1,000</u>	1, <u>000</u>	0	1,000
Total treasurer	<u>347,151</u>	<u>347,151</u>	<u>328,839</u>	18,312
Zoning				
Current				_
Salaries	348,257	348,257	348,257	0
Transportation - private	5,000	5,000	3,048	1,952
Mileage	2,000	2,000	1,603	397
Hotels & meals	2,500	2,500	1,363	1,137
Training	3,500	3,500	2,589	911
Postage	1,500	1,500	1,145	355
Advertising	2,500	2,500	1,608	892
Office expense	5,900	5,900	5,864	36
Equipment & repair	1,700	1,700	1,131	569
Survey & maps	6,500	6,500	965	5,535 8,550
Comp plan	9,000	9,000	441	8,559
Idaho code	1,000	1,000	989	11 300
Transcribed records	300 3.000	300	2 400	500 600
Contract labor	3,000 45,000	3,000 45,000	2,400	516
Capital improvements	<u>15,000</u> 407,657	<u>15,000</u> 407,657	<u>14,484</u> <u>385,887</u>	21,770
Total zoning	407,007	407,007	<u> </u>	21,110

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts								
	Or	ginal		Final		Actual	ι	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Expenditures - continued		<u>.g</u>					•		,
Veterans									
Current									
Salaries	\$	28,201	\$	28,201	\$	19,274		\$	8,927
Travel & expense		1,300		1,300		422			878
Equipment & repair		2,275		2,275		2,349	(		<u>74</u> )
Total veterans		<u>31,776</u>		31,776		22,045			9,7 <u>31</u>
Human resource									
Current									
Salaries		104,890		104,890		104,886			4
Travel & expense		2,500		2,500		1,840			660
Special services		1,500		1,500		550			950
Supplies		1,200		1,200		1,208	(		8)
Postage		300		300		181			119
Cell phones		660		660		635			25
Publications		<u>350</u>		<u>350</u>		389	- (		3 <u>9</u> )
Total human resource		111,400		111,400		109,689			1,711
Emergency services									
Current									
Salaries		65,643		65,643		65,642			1
Travel & expenses		3,500		3,500		3,502	(		2)
Supplies		3,500		3,500		2,476			1,024
Equipment		4,423		4,423		4,196			227
Cell phones		650		650		635			15
Contract labor		10,000		10,000		1,200			8,800
Fringe benefits		<u> 19,658</u>		19,658		19,184			474
Total emergency services		<u> 107,374</u>		<u>107,374</u>	<del></del>	96,835			<u> 10,539</u>
Grant Administration									
Current									
Salaries		61,431		61,431		61,430			1
Transportation		250		250		0			250
Hotels & meals		250		250		0			250
Special services		2,000		2,000		73			1,927
Registrations		300		300		0			300
Supplies		800		800		563			237
Equipment maintenance & repair		300		300		0			300
Postage		250		250		73			177
Cell pĥones		300		300		147			153
Capital outlay		<u> 250</u>		250		0			250
Total Grant Administration		<u>66,131</u>		66,131		62,286			<u>3,845</u>

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND**

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
		<u>Original</u>	_	Final		Actual	(	Variance Favorable <u>Unfavorable</u> )
Expenditures - continued								
Housekeeping								
Current		000 040		000.040		000 004		
Salaries	\$	238,313 1,279	\$	238,313 1,279	\$	238,231		\$ 82 138
Special services Equipment		2,613		2,613		1,141 8,672	(	6,059)
Maintenance		56,642		56,642		29,537	•	27,105
Capital outlay		2,666		2,666		1,403		1,263
Total housekeeping		301,513	_	301,513		278,984		22,529
· otal monocoping				331,313		5.0,00.		
Telephone								
Current								
Telephone expenses		105,000	_	105,000	_	55,442		49,558
Total telephone		105,000		105,000	_	55,442		49,558
Total expenditures	_	17,712,546		17,712,546	_	16,673,928		1,038,618
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	210,448)	(	210,448)		1,243,864		1,454,312
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	<del></del>	0	_	0	(_	8,473,304)	(	<u>8,473,304</u> )
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1	210,448)	1	210,448)	,	7,229,440)	,	7,018,992)
OTEN CONDENS DATE OF THE OTEN	'	2.0,440)	`	210,110	١,	.,,,	`	.,,,
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015		17,861,222		17,861,222		<u>17,861,222</u>		0
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	17,650,774	<u>\$</u>	<u> 17,650,774</u>	<u>\$</u>	10,631,782	(	<u>\$ 7,018,992</u> )

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - INDIGENT FUND**

	Budgeted	Amounts		Maniana
				Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable ( _Unfavorable )
Revenues	Original	FIIIdI	Actual	( <u>Unitavorable</u> )
Property taxes	\$ 4,116,500	\$ 4,116,500	\$ 2,152,832	( \$ 1,963,668)
Indigent fund	1,206,776	1,206,776	1,005,264	( 201,512)
Penalties & interest	1,200,770	1,200,770	2,228	2,228
Other	45,000	45,000	66,174	21,174
Total revenues	5,368,276	5,368,276	3,226,498	$(\frac{2,141,778}{2,141,778})$
l Otal levellues	3,300,270	3,300,270	3,220,430	(
Expenditures				
Current				
Poor fund - salaries	212,933	212,933	209,499	3,434
Fringe benefits	71,300	71,300	66,499	4,801
Transportation	2,500	2,500	0	2,500
Hotels & meals	4,200	4,200	1,581	2,619
Registrations	1,600	1,600	1,015	585
Records & supplies	7,000	7,000	6,500	500
Postage	9,000	9,000	7,949	1,051
Equipment & repair	4,000	4,000	255	3,745
Indigent expense	15,000	15,000	10,020	4,980
Indigent burial	25,000	25,000	22,151	2,849
Physicians	1,100,000	1,100,000	556,119	543,881
Court ordered evaluation	60,000	60,000	49,919	10,081
St. Lukes/MVRMC	1,007,579	1,007,579	1,280,228	( 272,649)
Medical	737,000	737,000	722,970	14,030
Mental health	150,000	150,000	144,285	<u>5,715</u>
Total expenditures	3,407,112	3,407,112	3,078,990	328,122
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	1,961,164	1,961,164	147,508	( 1,813,656)
Fund balance, October 1, 2015	2,907,854	2,907,854	2,907,85 <u>4</u>	0
,				
Fund balance, September 30, 2016	<b>\$ 4,869,018</b>	\$ 4,869,018	<b>\$</b> 3,055,362	( <u>\$ 1,813,656</u> )

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND**

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts					
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Fa	ariance ivorable favorable )
Revenues				_			·		,
Property taxes	\$	7,919,670	\$	7,919,670	\$	7,972,350		\$	52,680
Refund of expense		38,200		38,200		47,985			9,785
Penalties & interest		50,000		50,000		47,381	(		2,619)
Board of outside prisoner		300,000		300,000		240,345	(		59,655)
Board of outside juveniles		311,000		311,000		281,119	į.		29,881)
Treatment income		500		500		0	Ĺ		500)
Bond and Undertaking		15,000		15,000		16,950	-		1,950
Work release		50,000		50,000		61,727			11,727
Food		28,000		28,000		22,102	(		5,898)
Justice fund		45,000		45,000		42,880	Ċ		2,120)
Fees		179,500		179,500		188,202	•		8,702
Other		1,054,300		1,054,300		1,250,700			196,400
Total revenues	_	9,991,170		9,991,170		10,171,741			180.571
Expenditures									
Public defender									
Current									
Salaries		1,062,915		1,062,915		1,049,482			13,433
Travel		3,700		3,700		1,989			1,711
Hotels & meals		10,525		10,525		4,800			5,725
Records & supplies		22,100		22,100		41,422	(		19,322)
Postage		4,950		4,950		4,329	-		621
Equipment & repair		1,000		1,000		0			1,000
Continuing legal education		6,200		6,200		1,180			5,020
Cell phones		1,000		1,000		450			550
Miscellaneous defense		6,000		6,000		3,224			2,776
Murder cases		4,000		4,000		300			3,700
Witness fees		500		500		0			500
Capital outlay		1,400		1,400	_	318			1.08 <u>2</u>
Total public defender		1,124,290		1,124,290		1,107,494			16,796

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND**

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts					
Expenditures - continued		Original		Final		Actual		F	/ariance avorable <u>Ifavorable</u> )
Prosecuting attorney									
Current									
Salaries	\$	1,664,453	\$	1,664,453	\$	1,648,502		\$	15,951
Travel	•	3,000	•	3,000	•	2,285		•	715
Special services		1,000		1,000		Ó			1,000
Records & supplies		22,400		22,400		35,778	(		13,378)
Postage		3,000		3,000		2,438	•		562
Equipment & repair		7,000		7,000		10,427	(		3,427)
Publications & printing		9,000		9,000		7,801	•		1,199
Continuing legal education		6,500		6,500		4,765			1,735
Professional dues		200		200		50			150
Cell phones		10,990		10,990		10,690			300
Witness fees		10,000		10,000		1,989			8,011
Subscriptions		500		500		341			159
Capital outlay		12,000		12,000		8,05 <u>5</u>			3,945
Total prosecuting attorney	_	1,750,043		1,750,043	_	1,733,121			16,922
Juvenile probation									
Current									
Salaries		382,053		382,053		377,698			4,355
Transportation		10,000		10,000		4,187			5,813
Misc & charity		69,820		69,820		68,062			1,758
Equipment & repair		5,000		5,000		5,000			0
Electronic monitor		20,000		20,000		8,200			11,800
Vehicles Expense		5,300		5,300		5,591	(		291)
Cell phones		8,500		8,500		6,770			1,730
Volunteers		4,000		4,000		3,665			335
Tobacco Tax Transfer		3,000		3,000		4,390	(		1,390)
Restitution for community service		15,000		15,000		10,666			4,334
Food		7,500		7,500		<u>6,625</u>			875
Total juvenile probation	_	530,173	_	<u>530,173</u>		500,854			<u> 29,319</u>

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND**

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			
Expenditures - continued	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		 Actual	Variance Favorable ( <u>Unfavorable</u> )	
Magistrate probation							
Current							
Salaries	\$	407,584	\$	407,584	\$ 405,387	\$	2,197
C.I.P. project		6,000		6,000	3,963		2,037
Travel & training		8,000		8,000	5,649		2,351
Records & supplies		5,000		5,000	829		4,171
Postage		3,000		3,000	1,438		1,562
Office equipment		15,000		15,000	6,865		8,135
Ankle supplies		11,500		11,500	6,601		4,899
Work detail program		4,400		4,400	3,970		430
Cell phones		25,271		25,271	24,333		938
FICA		5,910		5,910	5,690		220
Medicare		46,139		46,139	45,861		278
Retirement		2,038		2,038	766		1,272
Unemployment		58,557		58,557	54,153		4,404
Group Inshealth & life		14,633		14,633	13,653		980
Work comp		3,000		3,000	443		2,557
Vehicle/maintenance		8,000		8,000	3,945		4,055
Drug testing supplies		800		800	735		65
Interpreter services		7,200		7,200	6,370		830
LSI expense		3,000		3,000	Ó		3,000
Total Magistrate probation	-	635,032		635,032	590,651		44,381

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND**

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable ( _Unfavorable )
Expenditures - continued				,
Staff secure facility				
Current				
Salaries - juvenile justice workers		\$ 1,037,898	\$ 1,037,283	<b>\$</b> 615
Training	9,000	9,000	7,043	1,957
Lodging	3,000	3,000	5,263	( 2,263)
Meals	1,500	1,500	3,407	( 1,907)
Mileage	200	200	349	( 149)
Office	17,000	17,000	15,339	1,661
Copier	2,400	2,400	3,028	( 628)
Cell phones	1,300	1,300	1,490	( 190)
Equipment	1,500	1,500	1,521	( 21)
Employee testing	120,250	172,250	165,299	6,951
Transportation	2,000	2,000	1,107	8 <del>9</del> 3
Vehicle maintenance	<u>500</u>	<u>500</u>	<u> 756</u>	(256)
Total staff security facility	<u>1,190,548</u>	<u>1,248,548</u>	<u>1,241,885</u>	<u>6,663</u>
Criminal justice				
Current				
Salaries	2,773,715	2,773,715	2,688,123	85,592
Special services	15,000	15,000	9,060	5,940
Finger print equipment	30,000	30,000	6,817	23,183
Water	19,400	19,400	19,874	( 474)
Lights, power	52,000	52,000	50,888	1,112
Fuel & heating	30,000	30,000	24,948	5,052
Sanitation	5,000	5,000	4,853	147
Records & supplies	16,000	16,000	13,821	2,179
Telephone & postage	6,000	6,000	4,924	1,076
Maintenance & repair	55,000	55,000	63,831	( 8,831)
Equipment purchase	45,000	45,000	40,962	4,038
Inmate supplies	50,000	50,000	68,554	( 18,554)
Housing	20,000	40,000	35,900	4,100
Cleaning equipment & supply	25,000	25,000	21,654	3,346
Intoximeter	10,000	10,000	10,001	( 1)
Copy machine	5,000	5,000	3,024	1,976
Extraditions	25,000	45,000	44,925	75
Car fuel	12,000	12,000	7,367	4,633
Training	15,000	15,000	13,620	1,380
Inmate board	280,000	280,000	315,091	( 35,091)
New & used vehicles	9,664	9,664	9,664	0
Total criminal justice	3,498,779	3,538,779	3,457,901	80,878

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts							
								Variance
								Favorable
		Priginal		Final		Actual	- (	Unfavorable)
Expenditures - continued							•	<del></del> ;
Juvenile detention center								
Current								
Salaries	\$	886,175	\$	886,175	\$	797,340		\$ 88,835
Training		1,625		1,625		3,902	(	2,277)
Lodging		1,625		1,625		1,624	•	1
Meals		1,500		1,500		1,025		475
Mileage		750		750		142		608
Special Services		5,700		5,700		1,496		4,204
Electricity		12,500		12,500		9,097		3,403
Water garbage		4,000		4,000		3,811		189
Heat		5,500		5,500		3,904		1,596
Office		7,250		7,250		6,169		1,081
Copier		500		500		392		108
Housekeeping		7,250		7,250		4,246		3,004
Juvenile Hygiene		3,250		3,250		847		2,403
Juvenile clothing		2,950		2,950		3,133	- (	183)
Detention supplies		1,500		1,500		1,832	$\vec{i}$	332)
Cleaning supplies		4,750		4,750		3,216	'	1,534
Building-grounds		12,000		12,000		5,216 5,116		6,884
Equipment		8,600		8,600		1,220		7,380
		1,650		1,650		1,521		7,380 129
Telephone		250		1,650 250		-		250
Repairs		600		600		0 675	,	
Dues - memberships							(	75)
Printing		850		850 400		0		850 400
Subscriptions		100		100		0	,	100
Employee testing		2,500		2,500		3,091	(	591)
Books, material, tuition		1,000		1,000		0		1,000
Food		149,000		149,000		129,920		19,080
Juy Dtn - transport		7,250		7,250		6,755		495
P.R.E.A.		6,000		6,000		2,644		3,356
Total juvenile detention center		1,136,625	_	1,136,625		993,118		<u>143,507</u>
Status offender								
Current								
Reserve		100,000		2,000		0		2,000
Status offender expenses		25,680		<b>25,680</b>		5,744		<u> 19,936</u>
Total Justice fund expenses		125,680	_	27,680	_	5,744		21,936
Total expenditures		9,991,170		9,991,170		9,630,768		360,402
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		0		0		540,973		540,973
Fund balance, October 1, 2015		7,556,640	_	7,556,640	_	7,556,640		0
Fund balance, September 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	7,556,640	<u>\$</u>	7,556,640	<u>\$</u>	8,097,613		<u>\$ 540,973</u>

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts			
_	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable ( <u>Unfavorable</u> )	
Revenues					
SRBA and other Leases	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>	<b>\$</b> 887,728	( <u>\$ 112,272</u> )	
Total revenues	<u> 1,000,000</u>	1,000,000	<u>887,728</u>	( 112,272)	
Expenditures					
Salaries	140,888	140,888	139,055	1,833	
CW - remodel	500,000	770,000	768,615	1,385	
CW - Capital	100,000	100,000	98,312	1,688	
CW - building maintenance	300,000	300,000	180,281	119,719	
CW - office supplies	700	700	230	470	
CW - signs	1,500	1,500	108	1,392	
CW - cell phones	3,300	3,300	4,688	( 1,388)	
CW - electricity	289,800	289,800	268,317	21,483	
CW - gas	205,700	205,700	165,570	40,130	
CW - trash	6,400	6,400	2,411	3,989	
CW - water	20,500	20,500	36,071	( 15,571)	
CW - service contracts/ repairs	34,260	34,260	52,498	( 18,238)	
CW - telephone (pmt)	0	0	93	( 93)	
Other expenses	225,000	225,000	220,463	4,537	
Total expenditures	1,828,048	2,098,048	1,936,712	161,336	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES	( 828,048)	( 1,098,048)	( 1,048,984)	49,064	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	500,000	500,000	8,472,304	7,972,304	
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	( 328,048)	( 598,048)	7,423,320	8,021,368	
Fund balance, October 1, 2015	4,330,734	<u>4,330,734</u>	4,330,734	0	
Fund balance, September 30, 2016	<b>\$ 4,002,686</b>	<b>\$</b> 3,732,686	<u>\$ 11,754,054</u>	<b>\$</b> 8,021,368	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPTIONAL

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# September 30, 2016

Court Interlock Court Court	\$ 334,554 \$ 91,366 7,817 0 0 0	\$ 342,371 \$ 91,366	\$ 0 \$ 18,456 18,456	7,239	0 316,676 91,118 316,67 <u>6</u> 91,118	\$ 342,371 \$ 91,366
Ad Valorem	\$ 623,917 29,880 0	0 \$ 653,797	\$ 0 9,131	27,565 27,565	617,101 617,101 617,101	\$ 653,797
Parks and Recreation	\$ 361,164 14,005 0	\$ 375,169	\$ 13,09 <u>5</u>	12,92 <u>9</u> 12,92 <u>9</u>	349,145 349,145	\$ 375,169
Weeds	\$ 278,588 6,706 0	\$ 285,294	\$ 0 4,739 4,739	6,204	274,351 274,351	\$ 285,294
Twin Falls County Extension	\$ 176 0	\$ 176	\$ 0 176 176	0 0	0 0 0	\$ 176
Safe Place	\$ 322,305 0 0	\$ 322,305	\$ 0 9,391	0 0	312,914 312,914	\$ 322,305
Tort	\$ 699,061 19,326 0	0 \$ 718,387	300	17,827	0 700,260 700,260	\$ 718,387
	SSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable	Due from other governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property taxes Total inflow of resources	und equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

September 30, 2016

eral Distractive ug Correction res Grant	192,302 \$ 0 0 0 4,356 196,958 \$	o 0 0	9 9	0 196,958	\$ 856
Federal Drug Seizures	\$ 192 \$ 196	<b>.</b>		196	\$ 196,958
Board of Comm. Guardians	\$ 3,352 0 0 0 \$ 3,352	\$ 0 28 28	0 0	3,324	\$ 3,352
T.A.R.C. Grant	\$ 22,650 0 0 0 \$ 22,650	\$ 0 2,077 2,077	0	20,573 20,573	\$ 22,650
Rural Business Fairgrounds	o o o o	S 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	9
Snowmobile	111,105 0 0 0 111,105	0 0 0	0 0	111,105 111,105	111,105
County Boat License Fund	\$ 77,964 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 0 \$ 39,690 39,690	0	38,274 38,274	\$ 77,964
Election Consolidation	\$ 635,099 0 0 0 0 5 60,365 8	\$ 3,460 3,460	0 0	531,639 531,639	\$ 535,099
Revenue Sharing	\$ 7,504 0 0 50,000 \$ 57,504	OW OF UITY	0 0	57,504 57,504	flow of \$ 57,504
	ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable Due from other governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit \$ Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund balance Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

September 30, 2016

Ohv Law Enforcement	\$ 35,060 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 35,060 35,060	35,060
Scaap	\$ 2,616 0 0 0 2,616	o 0 0	0 0	0 2,616 2,616	\$ 2,616
Invasive Check Station	\$ 19,094 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 288 288	0 0	18,80 <u>6</u> 18,80 <u>6</u>	\$ 19,094
R.S.A.T. Grant	o o o o o	\$ 10,187 1,113 11,300	0 0	0 ( 11,300) ( 11,300)	<b>9</b>
Asat 2016	o o o o o	o 0 0	0 0	000	9
Adult Substance Abuse Grant	s s	o o o	0	0 0 0	<b>6</b>
Boat Grant Waterways Match	\$ 45,243 0 0 0 \$ 45,243	\$ 0 1,323	0 0	0 43,920 43,920	\$ 45,243
Tobacco Tax Grant	\$ 22,821 0 0 0 \$ 22,821	\$ 0 2,054 2,054	0 0	20 <u>,767</u> 20 <u>,767</u>	\$ 22,821
Juvenile Correction Act Fund	\$ 26,827 0 0 0 0 \$ 26,827	\$ 0 1,348	0 0	25,47 <u>9</u> 25,47 <u>9</u>	\$ 26,827
	ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable Due from other governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2016

Sfp Twin Falls	00000	3,318 1,304 4,622		0 4,622) 4,622)	٩
	<b>"</b>	<b>.</b>			<b>"</b>
* \$	00000	57,323 0 57,323	9 9	0 (7.323)	٥
Park Grants	w w	iñ liñ us		) ( 27 )	un.
Museum Grants	6,400 0 0 6,400	0 5,597 5,597	9 9	803	6,400
Mus	w w	<b>м</b>			
prounds RV trooms	00000	0 0 0	0	0 0 0	0
Fairgrounds RV Restrooms	<b>"</b>	<b>v</b>			<b>.</b>
nern Rural oment		0 0 0	0	0 0 0	0
Southern Idaho Rural Development	ر ا	<b>s</b>			
ij		0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0
C.P.D.C.		<b>49</b>			w
Status Offender Services	00000	6,464 1,814 8,278	0	0 8,278) 8,278)	
Status Offender Services		<b>"</b>			<b>5</b>
Restorative Alternative Program	00000	2,308 3,600 5,908		0 5,908) 5,908)	٥
Rost Afte		ر ا م			•
Bcp Basic- Safehouse Grant		5,364 268 5,632	0 0	0 5,632) 5,632)	٥
Bc <sub>l</sub> Safi	w w	,			
	SSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable Due from other governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Deferred tax revenue Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity
	ASSETS Cash Proper Sales to Due fro	LIABI RES Liab Ca Ac		e o v	T.

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2016

S. O.R. Jag G.T.F.A.T.C. Sheriff Grant	00 \$ 261 \$ 46,551 \$ 0			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u>8 46,551 \$ 0</u>
District Capital Reserve	Cash Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable Due from other governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit \$ 0 \$ Accounts payable 0 Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	nd equity 0 esignated 150,000 - Total fund equity 150.000 -	Total liabilities, deferred inflow stresources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2016

Cafeteria	0000			21	0	0	21)	0
9	•	<b>"</b>		<u></u>				
Coronor Property Fund	303	303		130	0	9	173	303
SF	<b>v</b> r	<u>                                    </u>		,				, ,
Prosecutor Drug Reimb	181,146 0 0	181,146		0 0 0	0	0	181,146	181,146
<b>a</b>	•	sol		₩	ŀ	1		w
Sheriff's Vests		9		\$ 5,076 14,610 19,686	0	0	19,686)	0 \$
Sheriff's Youth Plate	3,568 0 0	3,568		0 0 0	0	9	0 3,568	3,568
Sheriff Youth Plate	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>		<b></b>				9
Prosecutor's Trust-Seizure Fund	2,163	2,163		0 0 0	0		2,163	2,163
Prose Trust-{		49		<b>"</b>				40
Sheriff's Evidence rust Fund	16,593 0 0	16,593		0 0 0	0	0	16,593	16,593
She Evid Trust	s,	49		<b></b>				₩
Crt Facility Fund	153,916 0 0	153,916			0	9	0 153,916	153,916
Pa T	es C	S		<b>49</b>	1			, s
Prosecutor's Orug-Seizure Money	99,962 0 0	99,962		0 0 0	0	0	09,962	99,962
Prose Drug-	•	<b>S</b>	LL.	.		1		<b>S</b>
	ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable	Due rom omer governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities	Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax	Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated	Iotal Tund equity  Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

### September 30, 2016

Sheriff's Grants	\$ 13,771 0 0 0 \$ 13,771	0 669	0	0 13,072 13,072	\$ 13,771
District Court Fcs	\$ 130,480 0 0 \$ 130,480	\$ 6,296 6,296	0	0 124,184 124,184	\$ 130,480
District Court-Cao	\$ 106,054 0 0 0 \$ 106,054		0	0 106,054 106,054	\$ 106,054
Millenlum Fund Projects	\$ 118,544 0 0 \$ 118,544	99	0	0 118,478 118,478	\$ 118,544
Problem Solving Courts	\$ 253,341 0 0 0 \$ 253,341	\$ 0 15,870 15,870	0 0	237,471 237,471	\$ 253,341
Voca/ icdvva Grant	s s	\$ 2,284 29 <u>8</u> 2,582	0	0 2,582) 2,582)	9
Twin Falls County Insurance	\$ 250,870 0 0 0 \$ 250,870	o o o	0	0 250,870 ( 250,870	\$ 250,870
Juvenile Probation Misc.	\$ 2,793 0 0 0 \$ 2,793	\$ 0 638 638		2,155 2,155	\$ 2,793
TF Co Sheriff Search Rescue	\$ 34,620 0 0 3,885 \$ 38,505	\$ 0 4,505 4,505	0 0	34,000 34,000	\$ 38,505
	ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable Due from other governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

### September 30, 2016

Total	\$ 6,103,090 90,680 0	58,541 \$ 6,252,311		\$ 92,324 185,781 278,105	83,715	0 5.890,491 5,890,491
ACCETO	Cash Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable	Due from other governments Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities	Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity

Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

Public Health	\$ 416,469 2,573 0 0 0 419,042	0 0 0 0 419,878 419,878	836)	836) 160,211 \$ 159,375
Court Interlock Device	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1,094 0 0 0 1,094	917) (	917) ( 92,035 \$ 91,118
District Court	\$ 273,393 1,168 0 329,749 0 42,894 647,204	612,006 0 612,006 0 0 612,006	35,198 (	35,198 ( 281,478 \$ 316,676
Ad Valorem	\$ 970,255 6,016 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	952,909 0 0 0 0 0 0 952,909	23,362	23,362 593,739 \$ 617,101
Parks and Recreation	\$ 453,235 2,766 0 0 72,773 529,069	0 0 0 0 466,065 466,065	63,004	63,004 286,141 \$ 349,145
Weeds	\$ 226,964 1,223 0 13,451 0 64,357 305,996	298,604 0 0 0 0 0 298,604	7,391	7,391 266,960 \$ 274,351
Twin Falls County Extension	000000	0 0 0 34,208	34,208)	34,208) 34,208
Safe Place	\$ 0 \$ 0 0 277,150 30,000 13,334 320,484	0 0 0 0 388,629 388,629	68,145) (	68,145) ( 381,059 \$ 312,914 \$
Tort	\$ 616,719 3,864 0 0 16,664 637,247	595,474 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0	41,773 ( 658,487 5 700,260
	Revenues Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

Distractive Driving Grants	s	1,000	( 1,000)	1,000}
Federal Drug Seizures	\$ 0 0 0 195,226 195,226	32,492 0 0 0 32,492	162,734	162,734 34,224 \$ 196,958
Board of Comm. Guardians	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	142)	142) 3,466 \$ 3,324
Rural Business Fairgrounds	\$ 0 0 15,000 15,000	15,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 15,000	0 0 0	0 0 0
TARC	\$ 20,000 0 0 19,000 1,024 40,024	28,845 0 0 0 0 0 0 28,845	11,179	9,394
Snowmobiles	\$ 0 0 26,689 0 0 0 0 0 26,689	0 0 0 19,162 19,162	7,527	7,527 103,578 \$ 111,105
County Boat License Fund	\$ 0 0 71,557 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 100,795	( 29,238)	( 29,238) 67,512 \$ 38,274
Election Consolidation	\$ 0 0 167,156 0 0 287,293 454,449	355,434 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	99,015 0 0	99,015 432,624 \$ 531,639
Revenue Sharing	000'09 000'09 0 0 0	14,910 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	45,090	A5,090 12,414 \$ 57,504
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES  Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015  Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

Ohv Law Enforcement	\$ 0 0 0 9,341 0 0	2,867	6,474	6,474 28,586 \$ 35,060
Scaap	\$ 0 0 0 8,199 8,199	2,000	1,199	1,199 1,417 \$ 2,616
invasive Check Station	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	88,131 0 0 0 0 0	4,517	4,517 14,289 \$ 18,806
R.S.A.T. Grant	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	67,684	7,056)	7,056)
Asat 2016	\$ 0 0 0 0 14,409 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14,409 0 0 0	60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Adult Substance Abuse Grant	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	51,940 0 0 0 0	8,415 0 0 0	8,415 8,415)
Boat Grant Waterways Match	\$ 0 0 0 18,796 23,032 41,828	0 0 0 0 18,965	22,863	22,863 21,057 (
Tobacco Tax Grant	\$ 0 0 0 204,095 204,095	211,965	636,172 0 7,870)	7,870) 28,637 \$ 20,767
Juvenile Correction Act Funds	\$ 0 0 0 146,128 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	120,649 0 0 0 0	25,479 ( 0 0	OURCES 25,479 {
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Weifare Cultural and recreation	Total expenditures  EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES  Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015  Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

t Sfp- Twin Falls	\$ 0 0 0 11,481	0 0 0 16,007 0	4,526)	4,526) 96) \$ 4,622)
Park Grants	\$ 0 0 0 2 47,415 47,415	0 0 104,333 104,333	56,916) 0 0	56,916) ( 407) ( \$ 57,323) (
Museum Grants	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		) 000,5 0 0	5,000 (
Fairgrounds RV Restroom	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		407	407
Southern Idaho Rural Dev <u>elopment</u>	\$ 0 0 0 41,500 2,603 44,103	55,607 0 0 0 0 0 0 25,607	( 11,504) 0 0	( 11,504) 11,504 \$ 0
C.P.D.C.	13,940	12,088 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,852	1,852
Status Offender Services	0 0 0 6,517 50,078 16,914 73,509	0 0 0 87,706 0 0 0 0 0	14,197)	14,197) 5,919 (8,278)
Restorative Alternative Program	\$ 0 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 48,658 0 0 0 48,658	2,808) 0 0	5,808) (
Bcp Basic- Safehouse Grant	\$ 0 0 0 51,533 0 0 51,533	57,171 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 171,73	5,638) (	5,638) (5,638) (6,000)
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES ( Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES  Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015  Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016 (\$

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

	District Court Reserve	G.T.F.A.T.C.	S.O.R. Sheriff	Jag Grant	Sheriff Donation Fund	Sheriff Drug Seizure Money	Court Trust- Odyssey 2015	Court Bonds- 2015	Restitution 2015
Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other	•	·	\$ 0 0 17,874 0 7 2 0 17,946	\$ 0 0 5,434 21,000 26,434	·	11,415 11,743 13,743 25,158	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 128,447 0 0 0 128,447	\$ 0 0 7,462 0 0 0 0 0
Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	000000		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	26,434 0 0 0 0 26,434	1,610 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,610	17,630 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 17,630		000000	
EXCESS REVENDES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		0 00 0	8,946 0 0	0 0	( 1,610)	7,528	50,240 0 0	128,447	7,462
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES  Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015  Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016	ACES 0	264	8,946 37,60 <u>5</u>	0 0	5,797	7,528 76,25 <u>2</u> \$ 83,780	50,240 175,785 \$ 226,025	128,447 73,085 \$ 201,532	7,462

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

Cafeteria	w			21)
Coronor Property Fund	s		0 00 0	0 173 (
Prosecutor Drug Reimb	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	36,484 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	30,792	30,792 150,354 \$ 181,146
Sheriff's Vests	\$ 0 0 0 4,190 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10,985 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6,795)	6,795) 12,891) \$ 19,686)
Sheriff's Youth Plate	\$ 0 0 0 1,519 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	808	1,011 (	1,011 ( 2,557 ( \$ 3,568 (
Prosecutor's Trust-Seizure Fund	55,882 55,882 55,882	60,123 60,123 60,123	4,241)	4,241) 6,404
Sheriff's Evidence Trust Fund	3,865 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,366 2,366 0 0	0 0 0	15,094
Crt Facility Fund	\$ 0 0 0 0 35,289 35,289	0 0 0 135,503 135,503	100,214)	100,214) 254,130 \$ 153,916
Prosecutor's Drug Seizure Money	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 19,239 19,239		19,239 (	19,239 ( 80,723
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

Sheriff's Grants	\$ 0 0 0 0 48,678 0 0 0 322 49,000	31,513 0 0 0 0 0 0 31,513	17,487	17,487
District Court- Fcs	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	57,815 0 0 0 0 0 57,81 <u>5</u>	13,564)	( 13,564) 137,748 124,184
District Court- Cao	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	29,221 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 29,221	11,416	11,415 94,639 \$ 106,054
Millenium Fund Projects	\$ 0 0 0 5,433 0 38,611 44,044	38,040 38,040 38,040	6,004	6,004
Problem Solving Courts	\$ 0 0 0 78,400 78,632 142,186 299,218	325,024 0 325,024 0 0 325,024	( 25,806)	263,277 \$ 237,471
Voca/Icdvva Grant	\$ 0 0 0 12,568 22,063 34,631	29,348 29,348 29,348	5,283	5,283 7,86 <u>5)</u> \$ 2,582)
Twin Falls County Insurance	•	000000	0 00 0	250,870 (
Juvenile Probation Misc.	\$ 0 0 0 26,864	9,703 0 0,703 0 0	1,000	18,161 ( 16,00 <u>6)</u> \$ 2,155
TF Co Sheriff Search & Rescue	\$ 0 0 0 36,044 36,044	52,966 0 0 0 0 0 52,966	( 16,922)	RCES ( 16,922) 50,922 \$ 34,000
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES  Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2016

\$ 2,957,035 37,610 167,156 1,194,738 1,215,199 1,072,202 6,643,940	2,006,858 465,172 366,299 1,604,370 989,873 743,528 6,176,100	467,840 1,000 0	IRCES 468,840
Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES

5,421,651

Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2015 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2016 **SINGLE AUDIT SECTION** 



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County** 

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Twin Falls County's with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Twin Falls County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016. Twin Falls County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Twin Falls County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Twin Falls County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Twin Falls County's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Twin Falls County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year September 30, 2016.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Twin Falls County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Twin Falls County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of Twin Falls County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2017, which contained an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware + associates

Twin Falls, Idaho January 24, 2017

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### Year ended September 30, 2016

U.S. Department of the Interior	FEDERAL CFDA Number	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
Direct Award			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		<b>\$</b> 1,783,874
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			1,783,874
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct Awards			
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		10,985
Passed through Idaho Health and Welfare			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2014VAGX0019	7,293
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2015VAGX0030	5,275
			12,568
Passed through Idaho State Police			
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners	16.593	2013-RT-BX-0002	67,684
Passed through Idaho State Police			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2014-DJ-BX-1166	100,598
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2012-DJ-BX-0559	14,409
			115,007
Total U.S. Department of Justice			206,244
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through Idaho Department Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	A012(537)	861
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	A012(538)	1,722
		, ,	2,583
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	TSP-2016-001-00-00	4,076
State and Community Highway Safety	20,600	OP-2016-00-00-00	272
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PT-2016-00-00-00	272
State and Community Highway Safety	20,600	AL-2016-00-00-00	272
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	TSP-2015-02-00-00	5,014
			9,906
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M5HVE-2016-00-00-00	782
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M2HVE-2016-00-00-00	3,937
			4,719
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			17,208

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

### Year ended September 30, 2016

	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Direct Award			
Basic Center Grant	93.623	90CY2648-02-00	<b>\$</b> 57, <u>171</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>57,171</u>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Idaho Department of Parks & Recreation Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	14.01.16	18,796
Passed through Idaho Military Division Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMW2015EP00058	53,371
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	EMW2015SS00091	<u>84,441</u>
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			<u> 156,608</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Idaho Supt. of Public Instruction School Breakfast Program	10.553	2016IN109947	7.900
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2016IN109947	14,202
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			22,102
			\$ 2,243,207

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended September 30, 2016

### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Twin Falls County for the year ended September 30, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

### **NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported inn the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed at September 30, 2016.

### NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in 2 CFR 200.414.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended September 30, 2016

### **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

1.	The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of Twin Falls County.				
	Internal control over financial reporting:  • Material weakness(es) identified?  • Reportable condition(s) identified that are				
	not considered to be material weaknesses? yes _X_ none reported				
2.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes _X_ no				
3.	The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Twin Falls County expresses and unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.				
	Internal control over major programs:				
	Material weakness(es) identified?     yesX_ no				
	<ul> <li>Reportable condition(s( identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> <li>yes</li> <li>none reported</li> </ul>				
4.	The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on compliance for major programs on general purpose financial statements of Twin Falls County.				
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required				
	to be reported in accordance with section				
	2 CFR 200.516(a) yesX no				
5.	The programs tested as major programs include:				
	CFDA				
	Numbers Name of Federal Program				
	15 226 Payments in Liquid Tayes				

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended September 30, 2016

### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS - CONTINUED

- 6. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was 750,000.
- 7. The Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

### \_\_\_\_ yes <u>X</u> no

### **SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

Findings and Reportable Conditions:
No matters were reported

Condition:

None

Effect:

Not Applicable

Recommendation:

**Not Applicable** 

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Questioned Cost: No matters were reported

Condition:

None

Effect:

**Not Applicable** 

Findings:

None

Recommendation:

**Not Applicable** 

**Current Status:** 

Not Applicable

### **SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

Year ended September 30, 2016

### **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

Findings:

None

Condition:

**Not Applicable** 

Recommendation:

**Current Status:** 

Not Applicable Not Applicable

### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Findings:

None

**Condition:** 

Recommendation:

Not Applicable Not Applicable

**Current Status:** 

Not Applicable

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

