TWIN FALLS COUNTY, STATE OF IDAHO September 30, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT	
AUDITING STANDARDS	4
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	21
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	22
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	23
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	24
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	25
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	26
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ACTIVITIES	27
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	28
STATEMENT OF REVENUES , EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	29
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	30
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - FIDUCIARY FUNDS	31
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	32
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	33
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	57
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND	58
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - INDIGENT FUND	66
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND	67
RUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CARITAL PROJECTS SUND	72

i

CONTENTS-CONTINUED

	Page
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET POSITION LIABILITY PERSI- BASE PLAN	73
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI- BASE PLAN	74
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPTIONAL	75
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	76
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	83
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	90
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	91
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS	94 96 97 98
OTHER INFORMATION	100
TWIN FALLS COUNTY REVENUES 09-30-17 TWIN FALLS COUNTY EXPENDITURES 09-30-17 TWIN FALLS COUNTY GENERAL FUND REVENUES 09-30-17 TWIN FALLS COUNTY GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES 09-30-17	101 102 103 104
TWIN FALLS COUNTY GENERAL FUND BALANCE TWIN FALLS COUNTY INDIGENT FUND BALANCE TWIN FALLS COUNTY JUSTICE FUND BALANCE TWIN FALLS COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE	105 106 107
TWIN FALLS COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE TWIN FALLS COUNTY SOLID WASTE NET POSITION TWIN FALLS COUNTY FAIR BOARD NET POSITION	108 109 110



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standard applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The Twin Falls County has omitted historical pension information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability PERSI - base plan, and schedule of employer's contributions PERSI - base plan on pages 7 through 20 and 58 through 74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statement that collectively comprise Twin Falls County basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2018, on our consideration of the Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Twin Falls, Idaho January 17, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTS AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Falls County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Twin Falls County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficience, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Falls County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Twin Falls County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Twin Falls, Idaho January 17, 2018 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Twin Falls County's Management's Discussion and Analysis

As Management of Twin Falls County, we offer readers of the Twin Falls County's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Twin Falls County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our annual audit prepared by Ware & Associates.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Twin Falls County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$63,022,068 (net position). Of this amount, \$40,859,869 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. (see page 22 of audit)
- Twin Falls County's net position decreased by \$3,029,789. This decrease is attributable to more cash in the custody of the treasurer and less property and equipment.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,094,225 an increase of \$2,664,922 in comparison with the prior year. The amount available for spending at the County's discretion is \$42,094,225, the total unreserved fund balance. (see page 24 and 26 of audit)
 - In the General Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$2,767,123
 - In the Indigent Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$513,557
 - In the Justice Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$14,506
 - Other Governmental Funds, the expenditures exceed revenues by \$269,812
 - The general fund (current expense) transferred \$692,593 to the capital projects fund for future capital construction projects.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Twin Falls County's basic financial statements. Twin Falls County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Twin Falls County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Twin Falls County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Twin Falls County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected delinquent taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Twin Falls County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Twin Falls County include general government, public safety, sanitation, health and welfare, recreational and cultural and education. The business-type activities of Twin Falls County include Solid Waste and Fair Board.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Twin Falls County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Twin Falls County can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Twin Falls County maintains seventy two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, indigent fund, justice fund, and capital project fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other sixty-six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Twin Falls County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds except internal services funds and fiduciary funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. Twin Falls County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its Solid Waste and Fair Board operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste and Fair Board operations, which is considered to be major funds of Twin Falls County.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Twin Falls County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary fund is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statement. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Twin Falls County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$63,022,068 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

One of the largest portions of Twin Falls County's net position (35%) reflects its investment in capital position (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Twin Falls County's Net Position September 30, 2017

		Governmental activities				Business activities				Total			
	_	2017		2016	=	2017		2016	_	2017		2016	
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	50,795,619 20,405,903 71,201,522	\$	41,066,227 20,056,928 61,123,155	\$	5,940,322 1,727,155 7,667,477	\$	5,447,605 1,773,408 7,221,013	\$	56,735,941 22,133,058 78,868,999	\$	46,513,832 21,830,336 68,344,168	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities		1,431,076 14,034,492 15,465,568		1,020,630 1,191,875 2,212,505		240,219 141,144 381,363		57,161 22,645 79,806		1,671,295 14,175,636 15,846,931		1,077,791 1,214,520 2,292,311	
Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted		20,249,151 35,486,803		19,946,493 38,964,157		1,713,348 200,000 5,372,766		1,750,763 200,000 5,190,444		21,962,499 200,000 40,859,569		21,697,256 200,000 44,154,601	
Total net position	s	55,735,954	\$	58,910,650	\$	7,286,114	\$	7,141,207	<u> </u>	63,022,068	\$	66,051,857	

An additional portion of Twin Falls County's net assets (0.0%) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$40,859,519) may be used to meet the county's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its business-type activities.

The County's net position decreased by \$3,029,789 during the fiscal year. This
increase is attributable to more cash in the custody of the treasurer and less
property and equipment.

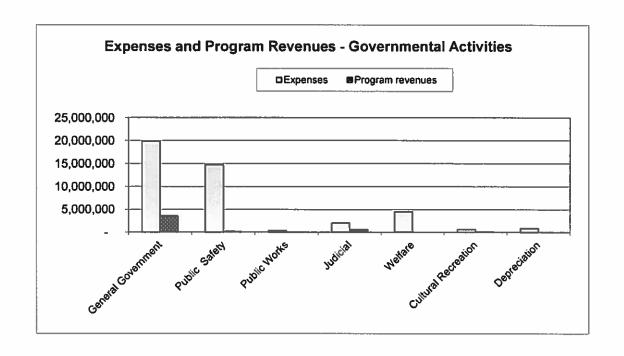
Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

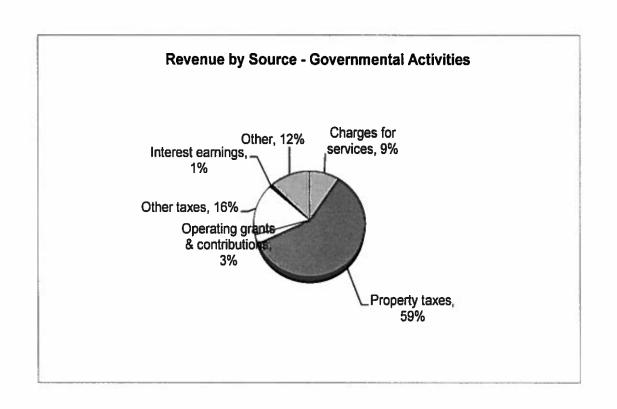
Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased Twin Falls County's total net position by \$3,174,696.

The following schedule outlines the changes in net position: (see page 23 and 27 of audit)

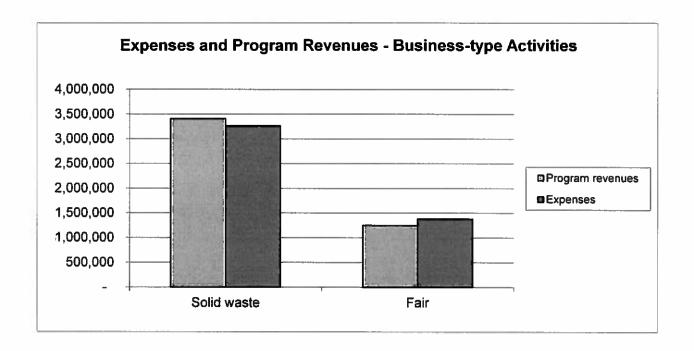
Twin Falls County's Changes in Net Position

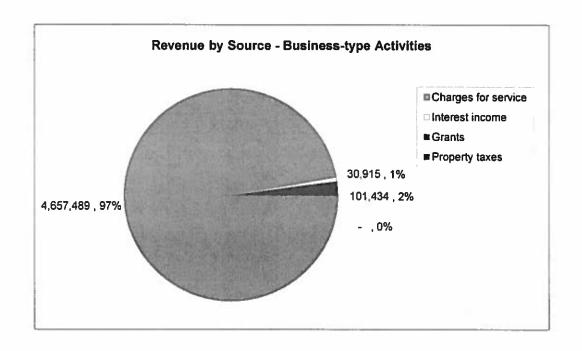
	Governmental activities			ctivities	Business	activities	Total			
	_	2017		2016	2017	2016	_	2017		2016
Revenues							_			
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	3,607,940	\$	4,072,777	\$ 4,657,489	\$ 4,729,174	\$	8,265,429	\$	8,801,951
Operating grants and contributions		1,071,315		1,276,199	-			1,071,315		1,276,199
Capital grants and contributions					•	-		-		
General revenues:										
Property taxes		22,954,462		21,802,328	101,434	101,256		23,055,896		21,903,584
Other taxes		6,280,798		5,761,822		-		6,280,798		5,761,822
Grants and contributions not				27	43	-		95		200
restricted to specific programs		581,528		528,867	-	-		581,528		528,867
Interest earnings		385,351		260,620	30,915	372,477		416,266		633,097
Other		4,855,632		5,117,514	<u>_</u>			4,855,632		5.117.514
Total revenues	_	39,737,026		38,820,127	4,789,838	5,202,907		44,526,864		44,023,034
Expenses										
General Government		19,826,884		14,837,983	2.1			19,826,884		14,837,983
Public safety		14,728,663		14,229,010	40			14,728,663		14,229,010
Public works		341,768		428,585				341,768		428,585
Judicial		2.027,578		1,604,370	2	0		2,027,578		1,604,370
Welfare		4,509,673		4,068,863	**	-		4,509,673		4,068,863
Cultual and recreation		650,669		743,528				650,669		743,528
Depreciation		826.487		782,866	-			826,487		782.866
Solid waste		- 4		,	3.263.313	2,805,641		3,263,313		2,805,641
Twin Falls County Fair					1,381,618	1,311,761		1,381,618		1,311,761
Total expenses		42,911,722		36,695,205	4,644,931	4,117,402		47,556,653		40,812,607
Increase (decrease) in net position		(3,174,696)		2,124,922	144,907	1,085,505		(3,029,789)		3,210,427
Net position - beginning		58,910,650		56,785,728	7,141,207	6,055,702		66,051,857		62,841,430
Net position - ending	\$	55,735,954	\$	58,910,650	\$ 7,286,114	\$ 7,141,207	\$	63,022,068	\$	66,051,857





Business-type activities. Business-type activities (Solid Waste and Fair Board) net assets increased during the year by \$144,907. This was primarily due to an increase in revenue for fees charged to operate and maintain the landfill.





Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Twin Falls County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Twin Falls County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of \$42,094,225 an increase of \$2,664,922 in comparison with the prior year. \$39,429,303, of this constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The reminder of fund balance (\$0) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed. (see page 24 and 26 of audit)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$12,706,312, while the total fund balance reached \$12,706,312. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures.

The fund balance, of the County's general fund; increased by \$2,074,530 during the current fiscal year. Revenue exceeded expenditures by \$2,767,123. (see page 26 of audit) Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Property tax revenues of the general fund increased by \$1,040,560
- Intergovernmental revenue in the general fund increased by \$742,317
- The general fund (current expense) transferred \$692,593 to the capital projects fund for future capital construction projects.

The Indigent Fund has a total fund balance of \$3,568,619 which is to be used for providing services to indigent persons according to Idaho statute. Revenues in this fund decreased by \$76,916 over the prior year, and total expenditures decreased \$442,965 over the prior year. (see page 24 and 26 of audit)

The Justice Fund had a total fund balance of \$8,112,119, which is used for judicial services, the prosecutor, public defender, jail, TARC, juvenile probation and juvenile detention. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$14,506. Revenues in this fund decreased by \$4,475 over the prior year. Total expenditures increased by \$521,992, over the prior year. (see page 24 and 26 of audit)

Proprietary funds. Twin Falls County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for the Solid Waste Fund at the end of the year were \$5,219,340. The change in net position consisted of an increase of \$175,398.

Unrestricted net position for the Fair Board at the end of the year were \$153,426. The change in net position consisted of an decrease of \$30,491.

Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final budget are summarized below:

- Increased the budgeted amount in the Criminal Justice Facility B budget by \$190,000 due to unforeseen expenses due to increased inmate population which has caused additional maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies and housing inmates out of county; also, extradition costs to return inmates to Twin Falls County. The increase was appropriated from the Justice Fund general reserve and unexpended fund balance.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the Weeds B budget by \$8,300 due to unanticipated revenue from BLM.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Description of significant capital asset and long-term debt activity during the year.

Capital Projects

- County West installed new roof system on U of I Extension offices
- County West replaced fan coils and shut off valves
- County West asphalt patching
- County West elevator upgrade
- County West replaced plumbing and pipes in TARC
- County West office remodel for Probation and Parole
- County West repaired roof system on 4th floor
- Courthouse sealcoat parking lot
- Jail annex installed new roof system
- Judicial Building security camera upgrade
- Judicial Building HVAC system replaced
- Juvenile Detention asphalt patching
- Juvenile Detention security camera upgrade
- Problems Solving Courts & Coroner's Office security camera upgrade
- Safe House installed new roof system
- Public Defender's office –installed new roof system

Property purchased/transferred/sold in FY 2017:

- Sold 3236 Addison Avenue E., Twin Falls for \$500
- Purchased 244 5th Avenue N, Twin Falls for \$95,200

Capital assets. Twin Falls County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2017 amounted to \$22,133,058 (Net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and machinery and equipment. (see page 45 and 46 of audit)

Twin Falls County's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Governmental activities			Business activities				Total				
	_	2017		2016	=	2017	_	2016		2017		2016
Land	\$	2,056,687	\$	1,939,755	\$	176,260	5	178,260	s	2,234,947	\$	2,118,015
Land improvement		•		-		122,530		90,279		122,530		90,279
Buildings		17,101,229		16,997,384		1,315,951		1,387,843		18,417,180		18,385,227
Machinery and equipment		1,247,987		1,119,789		110,414		113,681		1,358,401		1,233,470
Landfill		-		•		•		-		•		-
Construction in progress		-		-		•		3,345		•		3,345
	\$	20,405,903	\$	20,056,928		\$ 1,727,155		\$ 1,773,408	\$	22,133,058	\$	21,830,336

Long-term Debt

Contracts payable consisted of the following:

In September, 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Chevrolet for Parks. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$10,386. The present value is \$20,382.

In July, 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer for Emergency Service's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$4,866. The present value is \$14,039.

In May, 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford F350 for the Weed's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$8,289. The present value is \$38,558.

In March 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer for the Sheriff's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$7,537. The present value is \$28,310.

In September, 2016, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer for the Coroner's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$7,981. The present value is \$14,602.

In April, 2016, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2016 Ford Edge SE 4WD and a Ford Taurus. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$7,343. The present value is \$14,052.

In January, 2015, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Chevy Suburban for the Sheriff's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable annual installments of \$9,666. The present value is \$9,383.

In October 2014, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2014 Toyota Sienna L for Juvenile Detention. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$5,558. The present value is \$10,580.

In August 2014, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Ford F-250 Super Duty for Weeds. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$7,272. The present value is \$6,846.

Twin Falls County Fair has a capital lease payable to GE Capital, Inc. The lease is due in monthly installments of \$813 including interest at 4.90% per annum until fiscal year 2018-19. The Capital lease is collateralized by a 2014 Bobcat V417 Versahandler. The present value is \$13,807.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County had no bonded debt outstanding. Twin Falls County's only debt is \$1,276,323 as of September 30, 2017, represents accrued vacation, long-term notes, and capital leases.

Twin Falls County's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental activities				Business activities				Total			
	2017		2016	2	017	2	016		2017		2016	
Accrued vacation Contracts payable	\$ 1,096,926 156,752	\$	1,081,439 110,436	\$	13,807	\$	22.645	\$	1,096,926 170,559	\$	1,081,439 133.081	
	\$ 1,253,678	\$	1,191,875	\$	13,807	\$	22,645	\$	1,267,485	\$	1,214,520	

Economic Facts and Next Year's Budget

Description of currently known facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position (net assets) or results of operations (revenues, expenses, and other changes in net assets)

- Population: The population of Twin Falls County has grown steadily from 71,974 in 2006 to 83,514 in 2015, a 25 percent increase. The population grew 1.7 percent from 2015 and continues to be ranked sixth most populous county in the state. It is a thriving retail hub for south central Idaho and northern Nevada, drawing on a consumer base of about 250,000. It is also the most urban of the region's counties with 73 percent of the residents living in a city. Abundant natural resources, recreational opportunities and cultural events attract travelers and residents. The city of Twin Falls is the county seat with a population of 47,468. It lies on the edge of the spectacular Snake River Canyon spanned by the Perrine Bridge, one of the nation's few legal take-offs for BASE jumpers. A path winds along the canyon rim adjacent to a new visitor's center, retail shops, restaurants and a clubby event center, all with a bird's eye view of golf courses. World-renown Shoshone Falls is just two miles up the canyon. A strong job market, downtown redevelopment and job creation support continued growth.
- Labor Force & Employment: Although the economy remains heavily tied to agriculture, the county has diversified. Community partnerships landed Dell customer service jobs in 2002 and replaced them in 2010 with jobs at C3 Customer Contact Channels. Manufacturing jobs with Jayco RV have attracted feeder companies. While Chobani Greek Yogurt's investment of \$750 million in plant and equipment has brought over 1,000 jobs to the valley. The investment brought relief to stressed dairies suffering from extended periods of low milk prices and higher feed costs. Single family housing permits peaked at over 650 in 2005 but seems to have settled around 200 the last three years. Unemployment peaked at 6.9 percent in 1992, gradually fell to a record low of 2.8 percent in 2007 and hit 8.5 percent in 2010. Twin Falls County maintains its tradition of lower than the national and state unemployment rates with the labor force responding to demand of construction and manufacturing. The region typically outperforms the state in downturns. Over the last decade, Twin Falls County posted a strong gain in retail and service jobs as big box retailers converged on the northern entrance to the city and its main artery. A Walmart super center opened in 2009, five hotels were constructed along with a new high school. The Magic Valley Mall and its rim properties have experienced a surge over the last three years with seven new national retailers opening in 2015. The new regional medical center opened in 2011 with medical office and retail following. The College of Southern Idaho's new Health and Human Science building opened to students in 2010, a new residential housing unit and the Applied Technology

building were constructed in 2014. Strong community support has led to multiple improvements of the Fine Arts building. A new Visitor's Center has been a resounding success. The employment outlook for Twin Falls County is strong with Clif Bar building its first commercial bakery, myriad expansions and downtown investment in a new city hall and public gathering area.

• Wages & Income: Construction is still in recovery mode down 28 percent from 2006-2016, while average employment grew 9 percent and wages increased by 2.4 percent year-over-year. Education and health services Manufacturing experienced significant growth from 2006-2016 boosting employment by 53 percent. Leisure and Hospitality grew by 36 percent over the decade. The workforce is mostly part-time, entry-level positions so the low average wage is attributable to the lack of hours worked. Over the last decade, wages have increased across the board, many outpacing inflation, except for government which experienced less than a point of growth annually on average. Construction jobs dropped off slightly in 2014 as industrial development took a hiatus waiting for infrastructure to catch up. All Industry jobs and wages grew 2.7 percent and 2.8 percent respectively from 2015. Per capita income rose 21 percent over the decade, equal to the state but not the nation. Twin Falls ranks 23rd among the 44 counties, unchanged from 2015.

https://labor.idaho.gov/publications/lmi/pubs/TwinFallsProfile.pdf

- The unemployment rate in Twin Falls County for November 2017 is at 2.7% compared to the following years:
 - o November 2016 was at 3.3%
 - o November 2015 was at 3.5%
 - o November 2014 was at 3.6%
 - November 2013 was at 5.2%
 - November 2012 was at 6.5%
 - November 2011 was at 8.0%
 - o November 2010 was at 8.7%
 - o November 2009 was at 7.5%
 - November 2008 was at 4.6%
- Net Taxable Market Value for Twin Falls County increased in 2017
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2007 was \$3,940,134,347
 - o Net Taxable Market Value for 2008 was \$4,203,465,180
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2009 was \$4,308,341,085
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2010 was \$4,329,560,053
 - o Net Taxable Market Value for 2011 was \$4,346,492,398
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2012 was \$4,184,306,261
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2013 was \$4,269,667,068
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2014 was \$4,525,926,389
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2015 was \$4,723,136,990
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2016 was \$4,841,942,687
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2017 was \$5,441,307,547
- New construction value decreased in 2017

- New Construction Value for 2007 was \$164,225,307
- New Construction Value for 2008 was \$179,067,834
- New Construction Value for 2009 was \$124,060,336
- New Construction Value for 2010 was \$106,953,356
- New Construction Value for 2011 was \$41,152,460
- New Construction Value for 2012 was \$41,535,590
- o New Construction Value for 2013 was \$47,312,183
- New Construction Value for 2014 was \$59.607.968
- o New Construction Value for 2015 was \$58,844,382
- o New Construction Value for 2016 was \$104,908,934
- o New Construction Value for 2017 was \$87,948,561
- The number of building permits issued increased in 2017
 - 289 building permits were issued in 2007
 - 237 building permits were issued in 2008
 - o 186 building permits were issued in 2009
 - 233 building permits were issued in 2010
 - o 176 building permits were issued in 2011
 - o 210 building permits were issued in 2012
 - 188 building permits were issued in 2013
 - 182 building permits were issued in 2014
 - o 235 building permits were issued in 2015
 - o 228 building permits were issued in 2016
 - o 245 building permits were issued in 2017
- Twin Falls County's population continues to grow. The county's population in July of 2000 was at 64,325. Our population as of the 2010 Census was at 77,230 and our population estimate as of July 1, 2016 was 83,514

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Twin Falls County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of this information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Kristina Glascock, Twin Falls County Clerk, 630 Addison Avenue West, P. O. Box 126, Twin Falls, Idaho 83303-0126 (208) 736-4004.

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2017

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments			
In custody of county treasurer	\$ 42,188,876	\$ 5,645,744	\$ 47,834,620
In custody of other county officials	12,727	0	12,727
Receivables	•		•
Property taxes	667,106	3,448	670,554
Sales tax	499,068	0	499,068
State revenue sharing	733,496	0	733,496
Due from other governments	25,265	0	25,265
Accounts	15,000	23,067	38,067
Designated cash	0	200,000	200,000
Property and equipment	20,405,903	1,727,155	22,133,058
Total assets	64,547,441	7,599,414	72,146,855
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Pension obligations	6,654,081	68,063	6,722,144
LIABILITIES			
Cash deficit	80,133	0	80,133
Accounts payable	1,350,196	206,804	1,557,000
Due to other governments	0	3,182	3,182
Accrued interest	747	Ó	747
Accrued vacation	1,096,926	16,426	1,113,352
Notes & capital leases payable	156,752	13,807	170,559
Net pension liability	9,223,466	92,296	9,315,762
Total liabilities	11,908,220	332,515	12,240,735
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Employee pension obligations	3,557,348	35,142	3,592,490
Unavailable revenue	0	13,706	<u>13,706</u>
Total deferred inflow of resources	3,557,348	48,848	3,606,196
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net related debt	20,249,151	1,713,348	21,962,499
Restricted	0	200,000	200,000
Unrestricted	35,486,803	5,372,766	40,859,869
Total net position	\$ 55,735,954	\$ 7,286,114	\$ 63,022,068

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2017

let Position	Total	\$ 16,218,944) 14,515,591) 278,959) 1,411,518) 4,479,673) 501,395) 826,287)	146,161 133,603) 12,558	23,055,896 2,244,192 1,001,254 3,035,352 581,528 416,266 4,855,632	3,029,789) 66,051,857 \$ 63,022,068
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Business-Type Activities		\$ 146,161 133,603) (12,558	101,434 0 0 0 30,915	132,349 144,907 (7,141,207 7,286,114
Net (Expense) Re	Governmental Activities	(\$ 16,218,944) (14,515,591) (278,959) (1,411,518) (4,479,673) (926,487) (38,232,467)	0 0 0	22,954,462 2,244,192 1,001,254 3,035,352 581,528 385,351	3,174,696) 58,910,650 \$ 55,735,954
	Capital Grants and Contributions	s	0 0 0		
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 213,172 62,809 616,060 30,000 149,274 1,071,315	0 0 0	purpose	pecial items
	Charges for Services	\$ 3,607,940 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3,409,474 1,248,015 4,657,489	evied for general ct funds ment earnings	enues and s
	Expenses	\$ 19,826,884 14,728,663 341,768 2,027,578 4,509,673 650,669 826,487	3,263,313 1,381,618 4,644,931	General Revenues Taxes Taxes Property taxes, levied fo Sales tax Payment in-lieu Revenue sharing Liquor control act funds Interest and investment ea	Total general revon Changes in net position Net position - beginning Net position - ending
	FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	Governments activities Governments activities General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Depreciation Total governmental activities	Business type Solid waste Fair board Total business type activities		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2017

Total Governmental Funds	\$ 42,188,876 12,727 667,106 499,068 733,496 31,724 8,541 44,141,538	0	\$ 44,141,538		\$ 80,133 1,350,196 1,430,329	616,984	0 0 0 42,094,225 42,094,225	\$ 44,141,538
Non Major Governmental Funds	\$ 5,976,967 0 89,736 0 15,000 6,090,244	0	\$ 6,090,244		\$ 80,133 306,33 <u>2</u> 386,46 <u>5</u>	83,099	0 0 0 5,620,68 <u>0</u> 5,620,68 <u>0</u>	\$ 6,090,244
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 12,360,928 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	\$ 12,360,928		\$ 274,733 274,733	0	0 0 0 12,086,195 12,086,195	\$ 12,360,928
Justice	\$ 8,354,637 0 235,021 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	\$ 8,589,658		\$ 260,166 260,166	217,373	0 0 0 8,112,119 8,112,119	\$ 8,589,658
Indigent Fund	\$ 3,697,237 0 65,476 0 0 0 0 0	0	\$ 3,762,713		\$ 133,228 133,228	995'09	0 0 0 3,568,919 3,568,919	\$ 3,762,713
General	\$ 11,799,107 12,727 276,873 499,068 733,496 16,724	0	\$ 13,337,995		\$ 375,737 375,737	255,946	0 0 0 12,706,312 12,706,312	\$ 13,337,995
Assets and deferred outflow of resources	Assets Cash and investments In custody of county treasurer In custody of other county officials Receivables Property taxes Sales tax State revenue sharing Due from other governments Accounts	Deferred outflow of resources	Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	Liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balances	Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue - property tax	Fund balances Non-spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balance

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$	42,094,225
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Staten of Net Position are different because:	nent			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Governmental capital assets	\$	29,536,055		
Less accumulated depreciation	(9,130,152)		20,405,903
Some property taxes will not be collected for several mont after the County's fiscal year end. They are not considere available revenues in the governmental funds, but are recorded as deferred tax revenues. However, they are recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.				616,984
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	:			
Accrued interest	(747)		
Accrued vacation	(1,096,926)		
Net pension liability	(9,223,466)		
Long-term notes and capital leases payable	(<u>156,752</u>)	(10,477,891)
Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions				6,654,081
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions			(_	3,557,348)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

\$ 55,735,954

Net position of governmental activities

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

4,888,532 14,728,663 22,954,741 16,271,634 37,072,383 Governmental Funds Total 808,082 269,812) 1,237,172 846,570 436,125 278,898 ,575,492 868,132 620,669 3,041,967 5,933,791 203,603 2,394,287 Governmental Non Major Funds 360,452) 360,471 360,471 Project Fund Capital For the year ended September 30, 2017 14,506 (1,608,289 644,771 11,025 10,152,760 10,152,760 7,903,181 Justice Fund 3,149,582 65,279 2,636,025 862,953 2,636,025 513,557 2,221,350 Indigent Fund 62,870 1,292,134 7,037,895 2,368,375 20,486,647 13,516,876 4,139,778 17,719,524 2,767,123 9.788.243 General **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF** Cultural and recreation **REVENUES OVER** Licenses and permits Total expenditures General government Intergovernmental Total revenues Current operating: Property taxes Miscellaneous **Public works** Public safety Expenditures Judicial Welfare Revenues

3,607,940

8,286,092

341,768

1,575,492 3,504,157

650,669

2,664,922

EXPENDITURES

692,593 692,593)	0	2,664,922	39,429,303	42,094,225
0	0	269,812)	5,890,492	5,620,680
692,593	692,593	332,141 (11,754,054	\$ 12,086,195
0 0	0	14,506	8,097,613	\$ 8,112,119
0 0	0	513,557	3,055,362	\$ 3,568,919
0 (<u>692,593</u>)	(692,593)	2,074,530	10,631,782	\$ 12,706,312
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in Transfer out	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balance	Fund balance, October 1, 2016	Fund balance, September 30, 2017

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	2,664,992
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 1,175,462 (<u>826,487</u>)		348,975
Repayment of bond principal and capital leases are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position			
Accrued vacation FY16	1,081,439		
Accrued vacation FY17	(1,096,926)		
Notes and lease contract proceeds Note and lease principal retirement	(101,289) 54.973		
		(61,803)
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds, but are recorded as deferred tax revenues. However, they are recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.			
Deferred property taxes FY16	(617,263)		
Deferred property taxes FY17	616,984		279)
In the governmental fund pension contributions are considered expenditures while on the statement of activities the contributions are considered a deferred outflow.		•	2.3,
The amount of pension contributions in the current year The amount of pension contributions in the prior year Net increase (decrease) in pension contributions	1,959,802 (1,506,381)		453,421
In the governmental funds benefits earned net of employee contributions are not recognized as revenue or as an expense			
The amount of plan pension expense in the current year		(6,580,153)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, this requiring the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due.			
Accrued interest FY16	968		
Accrued interest FY17	(221
Change in net position in governmental activities		(\$	3,174,696)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2017

	Sc	Fair Solid Waste Board		Total		
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalent	\$	5,419,779	S	225,965	\$	5,645,744
Taxes receivable	•	0	•	3.448	Ť	3,448
Accounts receivable		0		23,067		23,067
Total current assets		5,419,779		252,480		5,672,259
Property, buildings and equipment		0		1,727,155		1,727,155
Other assets						
Reserved cash and cash equivalents		0		200,000		200,000
Total assets		5,419,779		2,179,635		7,599,414
Deferred outflow of resources		_				
Pension obligations		0		68,063		68,063
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		200,439		6,365		206,804
Sales tax payable		0		3,182		3,182
Deferred compensation payable		0		6,352		6,352
Current portion of long-term debt		0		9,282		9,282
Total current liabilities		<u>0</u>		<u> 25,181</u>		225,620
Long-term debt						
Net pension liability		0		92,296		92,296
Accrued vacation		0		10,074		10,074
Capital leases payable		0		4,525		4,525
Total long-term liabilities		0	•	106,895		106,895
Total liabilities		200,439		132,076	_	<u>332,515</u>
Deferred inflow of resources		_				
Employer pension obligation		0		35,142		35,142
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		0		13,706		13,706
Total deferred inflow of resources		0	_	48,848	_	48,848
Net position						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		0		1,713,348		1,713,348
Restricted		0		200,000		200,000
Unrestricted		5,219,340		153,426		5,372,766
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	5,219,340	\$	2,066,774	<u>\$</u>	7,286,114

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2017

	Solid Waste			Fair <u>Board</u>			Total	
Operating revenues								
Fees Charged	\$	3,409,474		\$	1,229,554	\$	4,639,028	
Other		0			<u> 18,461</u>	_	<u> 18,461</u>	
Total operating revenues		3,409,474			1,248,015	_	4,657,489	
Operating expenses								
Salaries		0			321,590		321,590	
Landfill costs		3,252,163			0		3,252,163	
Fair costs		0			846,298		846,298	
Other		11,150			24,437		35,587	
Depreciation		0		_	<u>129,918</u>	_	129,918	
Total operating expenses		3,263,313			1,322,243	_	4,585,556	
Operating income		146,161	(74,228)		71,933	
Nonoperating income (expenses)								
Plan pension expense		0	(59,375) (59,375)	
Interest income		29,237	•		1,678		30,915	
Property taxes		<u> </u>			101,434		101,434	
Total nonoperating revenues		29,237			43,737	_	72,974	
Net earnings		175,398	(30,491)		144,907	
Total net position, October 1, 2016		5,043,942			2,097,265	_	7,141,207	
Total net position, September 30, 2017	<u>\$</u>	5,219,340		<u>\$</u>	2,066,774	\$	7,286,114	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2017

				Fair		
		Solid Waste		Board		Total
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from customers	s	3,409,474		\$ 1,249,956		\$ 4,659,430
Cash paid to employees	•	0	(939,099) (939,099)
Cash paid to suppliers	(3,062,874)	i	270,708)		3,333,582)
	`		•		•	
Net cash provided by operating				40.440		
activities		346,600		40,149		386,749
Cash flows from noncapital related						
financing activities						
Tax revenue		0		101,434		101,434
		0		101,434		101,434
Control Control Control Control Control						
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities Property and equipment						
(additions) deletions		0	(83,665)	,	83,665)
Principal paid on long-term debt		ŏ	•	8,838)		8,838)
Net pension long term liability		Ō	`	92,296	•	92,296
Deferred inflow - employer pension		0		35,142		35,142
Net cash provided by capital and						
and related financing activities		0		34,935		34,935
Cash flows from investing activities						
Deferred outflow - pension obligation		0	(68,063)	,	68,063)
Pension plan expense			ì	59,375)		59,375)
Interest received		29,237	•	1,678	•	30,915
Net cash provided from investing				400 000		
activities	_	29,237	{	125,760)	(,	96,523)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		375,837		50,758		426,595
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		313,331		55). 55		10,000
Cash, October 1, 2016		5,043,942		375,207		<u>5,419,149</u>
O						
Cash, September 30, 2017	<u>•</u>	5,419,779		<u>\$ 425,965</u>	:	\$ <u>5,845,744</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net						
cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	<u> 146,161</u>	(<u>\$ 74,228</u>)		<u>\$ 71,933</u>
Adipatements to recognite acception become to						
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities						
Depreciation		0		129,918		129,918
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		ŏ		1,941		1,941
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		200,439	(8,595)		191,844
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		0		8,887)	(8,887)
-						
Total adjustments		200,439		114,377		314,816
Net cash provided by operating						
activities	s	346,600		\$40,149		\$ 386,749
	<u>*</u>	3.0.00				

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2017

		Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	2,989,189
Property taxes receivable		1,699,270
Sales tax receivable		855,998
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	5,544,457
LIABILITIES		
Warrants/voucher payable	\$	817,949
Deferred revenue		1,624,531
Due to other governments		2,888,225
Due to recipients		213,550
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	5,544,457

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the year ended September 30, 2017

	 Agency Funds
ADDITIONS	
Property and sales taxes collected for taxing authority	\$ 186,632,396
DEDUCTIONS	
Amounts paid to taxing authorities (186,220,210)
Change in net position	412,186
Net position - October 1, 2016	 5,132,271
Net position - September 30, 2017	\$ 5,544,457

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County is governed by a three member elected commission. The Board of Commissioners possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Commission is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance County system operations and construction.

The financial statements of Twin Falls County, State of Idaho have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The general purpose financial statements included herein present the financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/net position, changes in assets and liabilities of certain fiduciary fund types and changes in cash of the proprietary fund types of Twin Falls County. The scope of the reporting entity is intended to cover those funds under the direct jurisdiction of the Twin Falls County Board of Commissioners.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit with the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight

The following is defined as a component unit of the reporting entity of Twin Falls County:

Blended Component Unit

Twin Falls County Fair Board

The County Commissioners appoint the Fair Board, approve the Fair Board's budgets, authorize all Fair Board borrowing, and attend Fair Board meetings.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

1. Reporting Entity - continued

In addition, the County receives and disburses money from various agency accounts held for other entities. These accounts are maintained for others only in a fiduciary capacity and beyond that capacity are not included in this report.

2. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statement

The government - wide financial statements (i.e. the statements of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the County as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the *governmental* and *business type* activities of the County. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for government and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financials statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

Government - Wide Financial Statements - The government - wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government - wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> - continued

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest due early in the following year and, therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized. Compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state aid, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally the are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the County before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as the fiscal year, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue on the government fund financial statements.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Indigent Fund - The Indigent Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Justice Fund</u> - The Justice Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> - continued

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - The Fiduciary Fund accounts for assets held by the county on behalf of others and include the property tax collections of all taxing authorities in the county.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Bureau.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

4. Investments

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, The State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing County of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. Interest earned from investments is allocated to major funds based on their average balances for the month interest is earned. Funds to which interest is always allocated include the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects funds.

5. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair market value of applicable investments. Investment income is reported as earnings on investment in the fund financial statements.

6. Receivables and Payables

Receivables as stated in the balance sheet are considered collectible by the County Commissioners; accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not considered necessary nor is on applied to receivables.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. Receivables and Payables - continued

Idaho counties are responsible for collecting property taxes, assessing penalties and if necessary, sale of the property. In addition, the county maintains all the records and is responsible for remitting property tax amounts to the various taxing entities within the county boundaries.

All real property is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. The amount of tax levied is developed by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1, of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes on property for the county are due on the 20th of December; however, they may be paid in two installments with the second installment due June 20. Twelve percent APR interest is charged and two percent penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a three year waiting period, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the county with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation. The major classifications of personal property are commercial, mobile homes, marine, aircraft and agricultural.

The County's property tax is levied each September on the market value as of December 1st of the prior calendar year. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from" other funds.

7. Prepaid Supplies and Inventories

Prepaid supplies are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The County maintains a limited inventory of high volume items that are best purchased in large lots and are expensed when used. These are carried in current assets in fund financial statements and are always consumed within one year.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government - wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

8. Capital Assets - continued

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful life using the following as a guideline:

Land and improvements 20-25 years
Buildings and improvements 20-50 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment 5-15 years

9. Compensated Absences

<u>Accumulated Employee Benefit Amounts</u> - Employee benefit amounts are recognition of corresponding liabilities are as follows:

a. Accumulated sick pay and employee benefits (vacation) amounts have been accrued. The county adopted a policy of paying for unused sick leave based on years of employment with the County. The unused leave would be paid upon termination of employment.

10. Pensions

The County participates in the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). PERSI is a multiple employer retirement plan with cost-sharing arrangements shared equally. All risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating entities.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government - wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes and capital leases Payable - The long-term liability payments for the County's Notes and leases payable are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

12. Net Position

In the fund financial statements, government funds report reservations of net position for amounts that are not available for expenditures or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balances represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Reserved balances reported are: None

13. Inter-fund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers between government funds are eliminated in the statement of activities. Inter-fund financial statements are reported as a subset of other financing sources/uses.

14. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

15. Adopted Change in Accounting System

GASB has issued Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

16. Equity Classifications

- a. County-Wide Financial Statements The County reports net position in three categories invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.
- b. Fund Financial Statements The County has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which redefines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. There are five classifications of fund balance as presented below:

Non-spendable - These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. In this category, one would see inventory, long-term receivables, unless proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned and legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus or a permanent fund).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

16. Equity Classifications - continued

Restricted - These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions. In this category, one would see restricted purpose grant funds, debt service or capital projects.

<u>Committed</u> - Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making. Any changes of designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented and should occur prior to end of fiscal year, though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> - These funds are intended to be used for specific purposes, intent is expressed by: governing body or an official delegated by the governing body.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. This, however should not be a negative number for the general fund. If it is, the assigned fund balance must be adjusted.

Order of Use of Fund Balance - The County's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with governmental accounting principles utilizing the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated revenue and expenditure budgets are adopted for general, special revenue, debt service and capital funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund total level.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. At the end of the year these items are expensed and accrued to the balance sheet as liabilities to report them in the period they were actually committed.

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho adheres to County budget requirements in Title 31 of the Idaho Code. The provisions of this section include the following procedures to establish the budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements.

- a) No later than the first Monday in August a tentative budget shall be adopted. The tentative budget shall be published prior to the third Monday in August.
- b) On the Tuesday following the first Monday in September the Commissioners shall hold a public meeting to adopt a final budget.
- c) Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - CONTINUED

- d) The Commissioners may make a general reserve not to exceed 5% of the current expense budget as finally adopted. Appropriations may be made therefrom upon unanimous vote of the commissioners.
- e) Budgets adjustments may be made by following the annual budget requirements.

<u>Excess Expenditures Over Budget</u> - The following individual major funds had expenditures that exceeded the revised budget for the year ended September 30, 2017.

NONE

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at September 30, 2017, as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amount of deposits Carrying amount of investments	\$	28,333,548 <u>22,622,855</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	50,956,403
Statement of net position cash and investments Fiduciary funds cash	\$	47,967,214 2,989,189
Total cash and investments	\$	50,956,403

The County complies with the Idaho Code, Title 67, Chapter 12 in handling its depository and investing transactions. County funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Code. The Code also authorizes the County to invest.

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, the State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing County of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. The degree of risk of the LGIP depends upon the underlying portfolio.

The code governs the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of depository shall remain in effect. The County considers the actions of the State to be a helpful oversight for protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

1. Deposits:

At September 30, 2017, the County had the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying	Bank	Amount			
	Amount	Balance	insured			
Twin Falls County	\$ 28,333,548	\$ 28,395,856	\$ 23,045,862			

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a governments' deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2017, \$5,349,994 of the County's bank deposits was uninsured and uncollateralized.

2. Investments:

At September 30, 2017, the County had the following investments summarized by investment type and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)								
Investment Type	Fair <u>Value</u>	Less Than 1	1-5		5	<u>-10</u>	_	More Than 10		
Twin Falls County: Diversified Bond Fund		\$ 5,311,584	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		
Idaho State Treasurer Total investments	<u>17,345,386</u> \$22,656,970	<u>17,345,386</u> \$ 22,656,970		<u>0</u> 0	s	<u>0</u> 0	_ \$	<u>0</u> 0		

a. Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Idaho code which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

2. Investments- continued

b. Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At September 30, 2017, the County has the following investments subject to credit risk:

		Credit Quality Ratings									
	Fair		Less Than								
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	_AA/A	A	<u>Unrated</u>							
Twin Falls County											
Diversified Bond Fund	\$ 5,311,584	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 5,311,584							
Idaho State Treasurer	<u>17,345,386</u>	0	0	17,345,386							
	<u>\$ 22,656,970</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 22,656,970</u>							

- c. Concentration of Credit Risk Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Code and related rules.
- d. Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The County places no other limit on the amount of investments to be held by counter parties. As of September 30, 2017, \$28,006,964 of the government's bank balance of \$51,052,826 was exposed to custodial credit risks as follows:

Depository Account	Bank <u>Balance</u>				
Insured	\$	500,000			
Collateralized:		•			
Collateral held by County's agent in the					
County's name		12.545,862			
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust		,,			
department in the County's name		10,000,000			
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust					
department not in the County's name		0			
Uninsured and uncollateralized		28,006,964			
Total deposits	<u>\$</u>	51,052,826			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE D - DESIGNATED CASH

The Twin Falls County Fair Board, a component unit, has designated cash for the purpose of constructing new buildings on the fair grounds. The amount designated was \$ 200,000 at year end.

NOTE E - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the County's governmental individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	 General <u>Fund</u>		Indigent Fund		Justice Fund		Other Non-major Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Property taxes	\$ 276,873	\$	65,476	\$	235,021	\$	89,736	\$	667,106	
Sales tax	499,068		0		0		0		499,068	
State revenue sharing	733,496		0		0		0		733,496	
Due from other governments	16,724		0		0		15,000		31,724	
Accounts	 0		0	_	0		8,541		<u>8,541</u>	
	\$ <u>1,526,161</u>	<u>\$</u>	65,476	<u>\$</u>	235,021	\$	113,277	<u>\$</u>	1,939,935	

Government funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>				
Delinquent property taxes receivable					
General Fund	\$	255,946			
Indigent Fund		60,566			
Justice Fund		217,373			
Other Non-major Funds		83,099			
Total deferred revenue for	-				
governmental funds	<u>\$</u>	616,984			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE F - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

During the 2003-04 fiscal year Valuations Northwest, Inc. made a cost appraisal of the capital assets of the County. The result of that valuation is reflected in these financial statements.

1. Governmental Activities

	Balance <u>9/30/16</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance 9/30/17
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 1,939,755</u>	\$ 116,932	\$ 0	\$ 2,056,687
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and				
improvements	23,937,693	753,930	0	24,691,623
Equipment	<u>2,483,145</u>	<u>304,600</u>	0	<u>2,787,745</u>
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	26,420,838	<u>1,058,530</u>	0	27,479,368
Less accumulated depreciation: Building and				
improvements	6,940,309	650,085	0	7,590,394
Equipment	1,363,356	<u> 176,402</u>	0	<u>1,539,758</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	8,303,66 <u>5</u>	826,487	0	9,130,152
•				
Total capital assets, l depreciated, net	being <u>18,117,1</u> 73	232,043	0	18,349,216
•				
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$ 20,056,928</u>	\$ 348,975	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 20,405,903</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE F - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - CONTINUED

2. Business Activities

Solid waste fund	_	Balance 9/30/16		<u>Addi</u>	tions		_	Deletions		Balance 9/30/17
Buildings and	_		_		_		_	_		
improvements	\$	60,035	\$		0		\$	0		\$ 60,035
Equipment		627,271			C			0		627,271
Landfill	_	4,382,226	_			<u>)</u>		0		4,382,226
	<u>\$</u>	5,069,532	<u>\$</u>		0	<u>}</u>	<u>\$</u>	0	:	5,069,532
Less accumulated	d de	preciation							(5,069,532)
Book value Septe	mbe	er 30, 2017								0
Fair Board										
Land	\$	178,260		\$	C	}	\$	0		178,260
Land improvement		344,923			39,504	ļ		0		384,427
Buildings		3,320,863			34,506	•		0		3,355,369
Machinery and										, ,
equipment		452,774			13,000)		0		465,774
Construction in					·					•
progress		3,345			21,768	1	_	<u>25,113</u>		0
	<u>\$</u>	4,300,165		\$	108,778		<u>\$</u>	25,113		4,383,830
Less accumulated	depr	eciation							(2,656,675)
Book value Septen	nber	30, 2017								1,727,155
Total book value - e	nter	prise funds								<u>\$ 1,727,155</u>

Buildings and land improvements are being depreciated on the straight-line basis over lives ranging from 10 to 30 years.

Equipment is being depreciated on the straight-line basis over lives ranging from 5 to 15 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE G - CONTRACTS PAYABLE

Contracts payable consisted of the following:

In March 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with Fi Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer (\$ The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payabl in four annual installments of \$7,537.	Sheriff)
In May 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford F-350 (Weet The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in five annual installments of \$8,289.	eds).
In May 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with Firs Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer (Emergency). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$4,866.	t 14,039
In January 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Chevy Silverado (Parks Department). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. To contract is payable in two annual installments of \$10,381.	
In September 2016, the County entered into a contract with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford Explorer (Coronor). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contra is payable in three annual installments of \$7,981.	oct 14,602
In April 2016, the County entered into a contract with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2016 Ford Edge SE 4WD and a Ford Taurus. The interest rate on the contract is 4 4.40%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$7,	
In January 2015, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Chevy Suburban (Sheriff Dep). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99% The contract is payable in three annual installments of \$9,664.	%. 9,383
In October 2014, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2015 Ford F-250 Duty. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is in three annual installments of \$7,272.	Super
In October 2013 the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2014 Toyota Sienna L. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in four annual installments of \$5,558.	ct 10,580

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE G - CONTRACTS PAYABLE - CONTINUED

Capital Lease payable to GE Capital, inc. is due in monthly installments of \$813 including interest at 4.90% per annum until fiscal year 2018-19. The Capital lease is collateralized by a 2014 Bobcat V417 Versahandler.

\$ 13,807

\$ 170,559

Future Minimum Lease Payments

Year	
2018	\$ 78,418
2019	55,767
2020	20,692
2021	15,826
2022	8,290
2023-2027	0
	178,993
Amount representing interest	(8,434)
	<u>\$ 170,559</u>
Current	\$ 78,418
Long-term	<u>92,141</u>
	<u>\$ 170,559</u>

Five year amortization of the net present value is as follows:

Year ending September 30		
2018	\$	74,975
2019		52,983
2020		19,418
2021		15,132
2022		8,051
2023-2027		0
	S	170.559

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE H - CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general long-term debt account group and all Enterprise funds.

	Balance 10/01/16	Additions	Additions Reductions	
General long-term debt a	ccount group			
Accrued vacation Contracts payable	\$ 1,081,439 10,436	\$ 15,487 101,289	\$ 0 54,973	\$ 1,096,926 156,752
	<u>1,191,875</u>	116,776	54,973	1,253,678
Enterprise funds				
Twin Falls County Fair				
Contracts payable	22,645	0	8,838	13,807
	\$ 1,214,520	<u>\$ 116,776</u>	<u>\$ 63,811</u>	\$ 1,267,485

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN

The County had a voluntary plan for its full-time employees through a defined benefit plan until September 30, 2015. Contributions to the plan required and paid by the Twin Falls County were \$1,363,212 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Plan Description

The Twin Falls County contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan as of June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44,181
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	12,251
Active plan members	68,517
	124,949

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN-CONTINUED

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2017 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The Twin Falls County's contributions were \$1,959,802 and \$1,506,381 for the two years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2017, the Twin Falls County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Twin Falls County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Twin Falls County's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2016, the Twin Falls County's proportion was 0.45449959 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Twin Falls County recognized pension expense (revenue) of 1,619,272. At September 30, 2017, the Twin Falls County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 0 4,694,279	\$ 919,050 0		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in the employer's proportion and differences	0	2,097,587		
between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions	0	540,711		
Twin Falls County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,959,802	0		
	<u>\$ 6,654,081</u>	\$ 3,557,348		

\$1,959,802 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2017.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued</u>

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2015 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 is 4.9 years and 5.5 for the measurement period June 30, 2015.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended	
2017	\$ 9,374
2018	\$ 9,374
2019	\$ 1,070,077
2020	\$ 588.818

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, *Idaho Code*, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increases	4.5% - 10.00%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.0%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Theses ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2016.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

Capital Market Assumptions

Asset Class	Expected Return	Expected Risk	Strategic <u>Normal</u>	Strategic <u>Ranges</u>
Equities			70%	66%-77%
Broad Domestic equity	9.15%	19.00%	55%	50%-65%
International	9.25%	20.20%	15%	10%-20%
Fixed Income	3.05%	3.75%	30%	23%-33%
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0%	23%-33% 0%-5%
			Expected	
	Expected	Expected	Real	Expected
	<u>Return</u>	<u>Inflation</u>	<u>Return</u>	Risk
Total Fund				
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%
*Expected arithmetic re	eturn net of fees and	d expenses		
Assumed Inflation - Mea Assumed Inflation - Stan	·			3.25%
Deviation				2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mea	n Return			8.42%
Portfolio Long-Term Exp	ected Rate of Ret	urn		7.50%
Assumed Investment Ex				0.40%
Long-term Expected Rate	e of Return, Net o	f Investment Expen	ses	7.10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)	
Employer's proportionate share of			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 18,093,166</u>	\$ 9,223,466	\$ 1,842,330	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

NOTE J - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following major funds reported a deficit fund balance at fiscal year end:

NONE

NOTE K - COMPLIANCE WITH IDAHO CODE

The independent audit of the County's records for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, was made for the purposes of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The financial activities and records were reviewed for compliance with applicable Idaho regulations only to the extent needed to form an opinion on the financial statements. Based on the limited procedures performed no items of noncompliance were noted.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County purchases commercial insurance to cover the risk of property loss and legal liability through a local agent. The insurer, provides a full schedule of coverage to meet various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters.

The basic insurance agreements cover claims against municipalities for all government functions, utilities, and services covered in the Plan. These include bodily injury, property damage, wrongful acts, personal injury, and related torts under the State tort claims law and federal civil rights laws.

All public officials, employees, services, and municipal functions are covered unless they are specifically listed as exclusions in the Plan.

NOTE M - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The County maintains two enterprise funds which provide sanitary landfill services, and operate the County fair. Segment information for the year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

	_ <u>s</u>	olid Waste	_	<u>Fairboard</u>	Total Enterprise Funds		
Operating revenues	\$	3,409,474	\$	1,248,015	\$	4,657,489	
Depreciation expense		0		129,918		129,818	
Operating income (loss)		146,161	(74,228)		71,933	
Nonoperating revenues		29,237		103,112		132,349	
Net earnings (loss)		175,398	(30,491)		144,907	
Property and equipment				-			
additions		0		83,665		83,665	
Net working capital		5,219,340		227,299		5,446,639	
Total assets		5,419,779		2,179,635		7,599,414	
Total net position		5,219,340		2,066,774		7,286,114	

NOTE N - CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivables from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budge	eted Amounts		
	-			Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				,
Current				
Property taxes	\$ 9,818,225		\$ 9,788,243	(\$ 29,982)
Auditor's fees	135,000		111,625	(23,375)
County administration fee	330,000		355,954	25,954
Assessors postage	39,500	•	36,989	(2,511)
Refund of expenses	30,993	30,993	103,232	72,239
Drivers licenses	145,000		167,237	22,237
SIRCOMM	186,039	186,039	175,569	(10,470)
Liquor control act funds	475,000	475,000	581,528	106,528
Sales tax	1,500,000	1,500,000	2,244,192	744,192
Payment-in-lieu	1,000,500	1,000,500	1,001,254	754
Revenue Sharing	2,200,000	2,200,000	3,035,352	835,352
Investment interest	200,000		385,351	185,351
Penalties and interest	70,000		58,268	(11,732)
Licenses	39,000	39,000	41,668	2,668
Building permits	259,000	259,000	319,545	60,545
Fees	417,400	417,400	296,105	(121,295)
Other	1,429,331		<u>1,784,535</u>	<u>355,204</u>
Total revenues	<u>18,274,988</u>	<u> 18,274,988</u>	20,486,647	2,211,659
Expenditures				
General				
Current				
County car expense	2,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,798	202
Special services	21,000		16,879	4,121
Telephone and postage	15,000		9,899	5,101
Audit expenses	49,500	-	49,494	6
IAC dues	15,508		15,508	0
Dues and administration	40,000	•	37,246	2,754
Public lands assessment	853		845	8
County share FICA	972,588		921,746	50,842
Guardian ad litem	46,000		44,895	1,105
Medicare	227,455	•	215,567	11,888
Retirement	1,786,947		1,734,925	52,022
Unemployment insurance	74,899	•	6,528	68,371
Group insurance	2,478,106		2,339,967	138,139
Workman's compensation	308,620	•	218,764	89,856
Wellness program	4,000	4,000	5,687	(1,687)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Madana		
	Original			Final		Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)		
Expenditures - continued		ginai	_	1 11161	_	Actual	•	_OnlayOrable_/	
General - continued									
Current - continued									
Animal control	S	52,330	\$	52,330	\$	52,330		\$ 0	
Separation fund	•	128,000	•	128,000	•	81,880		46,120	
SIRCOMM (911)		353,869		353,869		353,869		. 0	
Grant expense		14,000		14,000		8,000		6,000	
Airport		389,750		389,750		381,270		8,480	
Animal control		3,800		3,800		3,800		0	
General reserve		160,000		100,000		0		100,000	
Soil conservation		24,750		24,750		24,750		0	
Computer maintenance		94,100		94,100		84,433		9,667	
Computer supplies		15,000		15,000		12,783		2,217	
Computer personnel		214,560		214,560		214,560		0	
County museum		24,000		24,000		24,000		0	
Drug testing		12,000		12,000		9,996		2,004	
Central purchasing		1,000		1,000		0		1,000	
TF Area trans committee		221,477		221,477		221,477		0	
Special attorney needs		80,000		80,000		5,239		74,761	
CARES		30,000		30,000		29,925		75	
Transcripts		40,000		40,000		34,457		5,543	
Interfaith caregivers		5,000		5,000		5,000		0	
SECDO		7,900		7,900		7,900		0	
SCITRDA		2,050		2,050		2,050		0	
Snake River study		2,453		2,453		2,453		0	
Capital outlay		<u>311,150</u>	_	<u>311,150</u>		306,538		4,612	
Total general		3,229,66 <u>5</u>		<u>8,169,665</u>	_	7,486,458		683,207	
Assessor									
Current									
Salaries		831,437		831,437		831,160		277	
Mileage		100		100		0		100	
Hotel and meals		3,000		3,000		1,543		1,457	
Registrations		1,600		1,600		2,503	(903)	
Records and supplies		13,100		13,100		16,170	(3,070)	
Postage		70,500		70,500		38,430		32,070	
GIS mapping system expenses		24,000		24,000		22,365		1,635	
Buhl motor vehicle office		4,100		4,100		4,256	(156)	
Equipment and repairs		9,000		9,000		3,558		5,442	
Publication and printing		1,800		1,800	_	1,472		328	
Total assessor		958,637	_	958,637	_	<u>921,457</u>		<u>37,180</u>	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

		Budgeted	<u>Amou</u>	ınts					
Expenditures - continued Auditor, Clerk, Recorder		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual		Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)	
Current									
Salaries	\$	1,409,184	S	1,459,184	\$	1,442,437		\$	16,747
Transportation	•	4,000	•	4,000	•	2,954		•	1,046
Hotels and meals		2,000		2,000		1,285			715
Special Services		1,000		1,000		400			600
Registration		5,500		5,500		5,035			465
Records and supplies		10,000		10,000		7,952			2,048
Postage		9,000		9,000		7,786			1,214
Equipment and repairs		5,000		5,000		997			4,003
Lease copier		1,000		1,000		1,109	(109)
Publication and printing		1,000		1,000		591	•		409
Total Auditor, Clerk, Recorder		1,447,684		1,497,684		1,470,546			<u> 27,138</u>
County Commissioners									
Current									
Salaries		302,562		302,562		301,514			1,048
County 1 transportation		3,000		3,000		2,904			96
County 2 transportation		3,000		3,000		1,945			1,055
County 3 transportation		3,000		3,000		2,666			334
Training		1,000		1,000		1,029	(29)
Records and supplies		5,000		5,000		5,362	Ċ		362)
Cell phones		2,000		2,000		2,683	Ċ		683)
Postage		750		750		401	•		349
Publications and printing		5,000		5,000		2,325			2,675
Total Commissioners		325,312		325,312		320,829			4,483

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

		Budgeted	Amoui	nts			
Expenditures - continued	<u>C</u>	riginal		<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Variance Favorable <u>Unfavorable</u>)
Coroner							
Current							
Salaries	\$	181,319	\$	181,319	\$ 179,009		\$ 2,310
Transportation		6,000		6,000	3,799		2,201
Hotels and meals		4,500		4,500	1,626		2,874
Registrations		3,000		3,000	2,779		221
Other		0		0	4,482	(4,482)
Phones		3,800		3,800	1,672		2,128
Postage		300		300	145		155
Office		3,000		3,000	1,471		1,529
Autopsies		25,000		35,000	32,000		3,000
Chemicals analysis and x-rays		15,000		15,000	11,261		3,739
Lease pickup		7,500		7,500	 0		7,500
Total coroner		249,419		259,419	238,244		21,175
County agent							
Current							
Contract Services		175,890		<u> 175,890</u>	<u> 175,890</u>		0
Total county agent		175,890		<u> 175,890</u>	 <u> 175,890</u>		0
Maintenance							
Current							
Salaries		344,524		344,524	341,894		2,630
Lights, power, water		455,150		455,150	373,279		81,871
Office supplies		700		700	465		235
Water/trash		66,000		66,000	53,017		12,983
Fuel		240,000		240,000	134,939		105,061
Vehicle Expense		4,000		4,000	4,366	(-
Uniform Clothing		2,000		2,000	1,397	•	603
Cell Phones		6,500		6,500	6,273		227
Equipment and repair		40,000		40,000	38,862		1,138
Building maintenance		332,570		332,570	292,161		40,409
Repair		45,260		45,260	35,306		9,954
Capital outlay		155,350		<u> 155,350</u>	 405,458	(250,108)
Total janitor		1,692,054		1,692,054	1,687,417	•	4,637

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2017

Budgeted Amounts Variance Favorable Original Final Actual (<u>Unfavorable</u>) **Expenditures - continued Sheriff** Current **Salaries** 3,420,040 3,420,040 3,320,617 \$ 99,423 Fund buys, training 8,000 8.000 7,195 805 County car 265,000 265.000 229,609 35.391 2,384) Transportation public 50,000 50,000 47,616 Hotel & meals 20,000 20,000 21,197 1,197) (Crime prevention 4,600 4,600 4.044 556 Hire drug test 7,000 7.000 1.695 5.305 **Rock Creek fire office** 960 960 1,020 601 (Records & supplies 23,200 23,200 19,597 3,603 Telephone & postage 28.300 28,300 26.916 1,384 Dues, fees 5,000 5,000 10,334 5,334) Victim services 1,000 1,000 635 365 Repairs 3,000 3,000 460) 3,460 (Equipment 264 41,159 41,159 40.895 Teletype rental 12,500 12,500 12,588 88) (Weapons & equipment 5,000 5,000 4,942 58 **Ammunition** 30,000 30,000 27,891 2,109 **Maintenance contracts** 14,072 14,072 6,805 7,267 **Publication & printing** 5,000 5.000 2,608 2,392 Special investigation 6,000 6.000 4,199 1,801 Radio expense 4.000 4.000 2,129 1,871 8,500 Special investigation 8,500 4,325 4,175 4,331 Police education 22,000 22,000 17,669 1,495 Search & rescue 5,000 5,000 3,505 Forest service agreement 19,000 19,000 4,057 14,943 **Boat & waterway expense** 3,000 3.000 2.838 162 3,268) Uniform & clothing 20.000 20,000 23,268 (Reserve law enforcement 500 500 103 397 Crisis response 13,500 13,500 14,277 777) **Body armor** 5,000 5,000 2,031 2,969 New and used vehicles 150,000 150,000 150,030 30) Computer equipment/program 15,691 15,691 15,691 0 183<u>,476</u> Total sheriff 4,216,022 4,216,022 4,032,546

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Origii	nal		Final	Actual	,	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Expenditures - continued					riotaar	١,	<u> </u>	arorabio,
Treasurer								
Current								
Salaries	\$ 20	69,452	\$	269,452	\$ 246,756		\$	22,696
Transportation		2,000		2,000	449			1,551
Hotels & meals		2,500		2,500	936			1,564
Special services		1,500		1,500	450			1,050
Bank fees		1,000		1,000	0			1,000
Title search		20,000		20,000	19,000			1,000
Registration		1,250		1,250	430			820
Records & supplies		5,000		5,000	7,983	(2,983)
Postage		24,000		24,000	21,813	•		2,187
Equipment & repair		2,500		2,500	1,596			904
Publication & printing		6,000		6,000	4,448			1,552
Publication Administration		1,000		1,000	 234			766
Total treasurer	3:	36,202		336,202	304,095			32,107
Zoning								
Current								
Salaries	34	46,508		346,508	324,110			22,398
Transportation - private		5,000		5,000	3,375			1,625
Mileage		2,000		2,000	1,435			565
Hotels & meals		2,500		2,500	1,616			884
Training		3,500		3,500	5,851	(2,351)
Postage		1,500		1,500	1,150	•		350
Advertising		2,500		2,500	2,226			274
Office expense		6,000		6,000	9,462	- (3,462)
Equipment & repair		1,700		1,700	4,639	i		2,939)
Survey & maps		6,500		6,500	10,123	i		3,623)
Comp plan		8,000		8,000	338	•		7,662
Idaho code		1,000		1,000	458			542
Transcribed records		300		300	523	(223)
Contract labor		3,000		3,000	2,650	`		350
Capital improvements		17,000		17,000	16,645			355
Total zoning		07,008		407,008	 384,601			22,407
Veterans								
Current								
Salaries		27,972		27,972	27,283			689
Travel & expense		1,300		1,300	211			1,089
Equipment & repair		2,275		2,275	 3,005	(730)
Total veterans		31,547		31,547	 30,499	•		1,048

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts								
		<u> Priginal</u>		Final		Actual		Fa	ariance vorable <u>avorable</u>)
Expenditures - continued									
Human resource									
Current			_					_	_
Salaries	\$	104,437	\$	104,437	\$	104,437		\$	0
Travel & expense		3,000		3,000		265			2,735
Special services		2,500		2,500		349			2,151
Supplies		1,300		1,300		3,214	(1,914)
Postage		300		300		204			96
Cell phones		636		636		635			1
Publications		380		380		348			32
Total human resource		112,553		<u>112,553</u>	_	<u> 109,452</u>			3,101
Emergency services									
Current									
Salaries		70,980		70,980		70,301			679
Travel & expenses		4,500		4,500		286			4,214
Supplies		2,500		2,500		2,919	(419)
Equipment		5,219		5,219		4,166	•		1,053
Cell phones		650		650		635			15
Vehicle maintenance		3,500		3,500		9,069	- (5,569)
Fringe benefits		20,563		20,563		19,856	•		707
Total emergency services		107,912		107,912		107,232			680
Grant Administration									
Current									
Salaries		60.924		60,924		60,923			1
Transportation		250		250		95			155
Hotels & meals		250		250		0			250
Special services		2,000		2,000		850			1,150
Registrations		200		200		0			200
Supplies		900		900		449			451
Equipment maintenance & repair	r	300		300		0			300
Postage		250		250		38			212
Cell phones		300		300		156			144
Capital outlay		250		250		359	ı		109)
Total Grant Administration		65,624		65,624		62,870	•		2,754
					_	,-,-			<u> </u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts								
		Original		Final	Actual		Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorabl</u> e		
Expenditures - continued		-				_		•	
Housekeeping									
Current	_	0.40.000	_		_		_		
Salaries	\$	249,600	\$	249,600	\$	246,388	\$	3,212	
Special services		1,280		1,280		354		926	
Equipment		4,000		4,000		120		3,880	
Maintenance		81,930		81,930		71,761		10,169	
Capital outlay	_	2,700	_	2,700		0	_	2,700	
Total housekeeping	_	<u>339,510</u>	_	339,510	_	318,623	_	20,887	
Telephone									
Current									
Telephone expenses		95,000	_	95,000		<u>68,765</u>	_	<u> 26,235</u>	
Total telephone		95,000	_	95,000		<u>68,765</u>	_	<u> 26,235</u>	
Total expenditures	_	18,790,039		18,790,039	_	17,719,524	_	1,070,515	
EXCESS REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(515,051)	(515,051)		2,767,123		3,282,174	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		0		0		692,593)	1	692,593)	
Transicis out	_		_		'-	032,333)	' —	U3E,333)	
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES	(515,051)	(515,051)		2,074,530		2,589,581	
	•	,	'			.,,			
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016	_	10,631,782	_	10,631,782	_	10,631,782	_	0	
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017	\$	10,116,731	<u>\$</u>	10,116,731	\$_	12,706,312	<u>\$</u>	2,589,581	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - INDIGENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
Barrana		Original	_	Final	 Actual	(Fa	ariance Ivorable <u>favorable</u>)
Revenues		0.400.000		0.400.000	0.004.000		_	
Property taxes	\$	2,198,392	\$	2,198,392	\$ 2,221,350		\$	22,958
Indigent fund		850,000		850,000	862,953			12,953
Penalties & interest		0		0	2,489			2,489
Other		227,976	_	227,976	 62,790	(<u>165,186</u>)
Total revenues	_	3,276,368		3,276,368	 <u>3,149,582</u>	(<u>126,786</u>)
Expenditures								
Current								
Poor fund - salaries		208,167		208,167	201,622			6,545
Fringe benefits		75,058		75,058	71,421			3,637
Transportation		2,500		2,500	720			1,780
Hotels & meals		4,200		4,200	4,964	(764)
Registrations		1,600		1,600	1,595			5
Records & supplies		7,000		7,000	5,125			1,875
Postage		9,000		9,000	7,449			1,551
Equipment & repair		4,000		4,000	319			3,681
Indigent expense		15,000		15,000	9,925			5,075
Indigent burial		25,000		25,000	22,667			2,333
Physicians		900,000		900,000	393,894			506,106
Court ordered evaluation		60,000		60,000	84,388	(24,388)
St. Lukes/MVRMC		1,007,579		1,007,579	1,091,777	i		84,198)
Medical		812,000		812,000	683,627	•		128,373
Mental health		150,000		150,000	56,532			93,468
Total expenditures		3,281,104	_	<u>3,281,104</u>	 2,636,025			645,079
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES	(4,736)	(4,736)	513,557			518,293
Fund balance, October 1, 2016	_	3,055,362		3,055,362	 3,055,362			0
Fund balance, September 30, 2017	<u>\$</u>	3,050,626	<u>\$</u>	3,050,626	\$ 3,568,919		<u>\$</u>	518,293

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts								
Revenues	Origina		Final		Actual			Fa	ariance vorable avorable
Property taxes	S	7,824,226	\$	7,824,226	\$	7,903,181		\$	78,955
Refund of expense	4	39,000	4	39,000	4	24,068	,	Ψ	76,933 14,932)
Penalties & interest		50,000		50,000		48,651	- }		1,349)
Board of outside prisoner		300,000		300,000		228,425	- }		71,575)
Board of outside juveniles		260,000		260,000		222,842	- }		37,158)
Treatment income		200,000		200,000		540	•		57, 156) 540
Bond and Undertaking		16,000		16,000		15,940	,		60)
Work release		60,000		60,000		56,653	}		3,347)
State public defense commission		00,000		00,000		202,599	- 1		202,599
Grants		11,025		11,025		11,025			202,599
Food		20,000		20,000		23,513			3,513
Justice fund		40,000		40,000		41,171			1,171
Fees		180,500		180,500		135,853	1		44,647)
Other		1,694,000		1,694,000		1,252,805	- }		441,195)
Total revenues	_	10,494,751	_	10,494,751		10,167,266	ì		327,485)
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•		
Expenditures									
Public defender									
Current		4 070 047							
Salaries		1,073,915		1,073,915		1,037,263			36,652
Travel		3,700		3,700		958			2,742
Hotels & meals		10,525		10,525		3,762			6,763
Records & supplies		26,100		26,100		34,704	(8,604)
Postage		4,950		4,950		4,018			932
Equipment & repair		1,000		1,000		6,277	(5,277)
Continuing legal education		6,200		6,200		3,836			2,364
Cell phones		1,000		1,000		449			551
Miscellaneous defense		6,000		6,000		4,260			1,740
Murder cases		4,000		4,000		0			4,000
Witness fees		500		500		188			312
Capital outlay		1,400		1,400		582			<u>818</u>
Total public defender		1,139,290	_	1,139,290	_	1,096,297			<u> 42,993</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts				
Expenditures - continued Prosecuting attorney	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable	
Current						
Salaries	\$ 1,721,263	\$ 1,721,263	\$ 1,695,854	\$	25,409	
Travel	3,000	3,000	2,322		678	
Special services	1,000	1,000	641		359	
Records & supplies	29,400	29,400	37,294	(7,894)	
Postage	3,000	3,000	1,787		1,213	
Equipment & repair	7,000	7,000	18,223	(11,223)	
Publications & printing	9,000	9,000	917		8,083	
Continuing legal education	6,500	6,500	7,220	(720)	
Professional dues	200	200	100		100	
Cell phones	10,990	10,990	9,894		1,096	
Witness fees	10,000	10,000	3,234		6,766	
Subscriptions	500	500	460		40	
Capital outlay	12,000	12,000	<u>8,967</u>		3,033	
Total prosecuting attorney	1,813,853	1,813,853	1,786,913		26,940	
Juvenile probation						
Current						
Salaries	381,298	381,298	372,915		8,383	
Transportation	8,657	8,657	4,288		4,369	
Hit grant - mediation training	11,025	11,025	11,025		0	
Misc & charity	69,820	69,820	66,862		2,958	
Equipment & repair	7,343	7,343	7,343		0	
Electronic monitor	17,000	17,000	9,955		7,045	
Vehicles Expense	5,300	5,300	5,763	(463)	
Cell phones	8,500	8,500	9,845	į (1,345)	
Volunteers	4,000	4,000	3,622	•	378	
Tobacco Tax Transfer	5,000	5,000	3,381		1,619	
Restitution for community service	e 15,000	15,000	5,177		9,823	
Food	7,500	<u>7,500</u>	<u>7,756</u>	(256)	
Total juvenile probation	540,443	540,443	507,932		32,511	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

		Budgeted	<u>Amou</u>	nts					
Expenditures - continued		Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual		Variance Favorable <u>Unfavorable</u>)	
Magistrate probation Current									
Salaries	\$	404,252	\$	404,252	\$	377,204		\$	27,048
C.I.P. project	•	7,800	Ť	7,800	·	6,930		•	870
Travel & training		8,000		8,000		8,101	(101)
Records & supplies		1,500		1,500		274	,		1,226
Postage		3,000		3,000		4,935	(1,935)
Office equipment		14,000		14,000		7,202	•		6,798
Ankle supplies		11,500		11,500		7,175			4,325
Work detail program		4,400		4,400		4,042			358
Cell phones		25,064		25,064		22,859			2,205
FICA		5,862		5,862		5,346			516
Medicare		45,762		45,762		42,687			3,075
Retirement		2,022		2,022		176			1,846
Unemployment		62,939		62,939		52,470			10,469
Group Inshealth & life		14,796		14,796		13,286			1,510
Work comp		3,000		3,000		2,075			925
Vehicle/maintenance		8,000		8,000		3,520			4,480
Drug testing supplies		1,000		1,000		735			265
Interpreter services		6,400		6,400		5,779			621
LSI expense		3,000		3,000		3,000			0
Total Magistrate probation		632,297		632,297		567,796			64,501

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (_Unfavorable)
Expenditures - continued				(<u>Omatorabic</u>)
Staff secure facility				
Current				
Salaries - juvenile justice				
workers	\$ 1,048,632	\$ 1,054,632	\$ 1,020,919	\$ 33,713
Training	17,400	17,400	8,876	8,524
Lodging	5,000	5,000	2,950	2,050
Meals	2,500	2,500	3,094	(594)
Mileage	1,000	1,000	308	692
Office	16,000	16,000	11,588	4,412
Copier	2,400	2,400	1,478	922
Cell phones	2,300	2,300	2,200	100
Equipment	1,500	1,500	10,839	(9,339)
Employee testing	128,400	180,400	163,791	16,609
Transportation	1,200	1,200	1,008	192
Vehicle maintenance	700	700	697	3
Total staff security facility	1,227,032	1,285,032	1,227,748	57,284
Criminal justice				
Current Salaries	2 704 440	0.704.440	0.000.000	450 500
	2,791,440	2,791,440	2,638,877	152,563
Special services	7,000	7,000	6,562	438
Finger print equipment	30,000	30,000	29,751	249
Water	19,400	19,400	17,384	2,016
Lights, power	52,000	52,000	55,242	(3,242)
Fuel & heating	25,000	25,000	24,476	524
Sanitation	7,000	7,000	3,047	3,953
Records & supplies	14,000	14,000	13,902	98
Telephone & postage	6,000	6,000	4,604	1,396
Maintenance & repair	90,000	90,000	90,761	(761)
Equipment purchase	52,000	52,000	54,908	(2,908)
Inmate supplies	68,000	68,000	67,875	125
Housing	160,000	180,000	157,953	22,047
Cleaning equipment & supply	30,000	30,000	29,442	558
Intoximeter	10,000	10,000	992	9,008
Copy machine	4,000	4,000	4,541	(541)
Extraditions	25,000	45,000	44,532	468
Car fuel	12,000	12,000	9,590	2,410
Training	15,000	15,000	16,825	(1,825)
Inmate board	310,000	310,000	318,640	(8,640)
New & used vehicles	9,664	9,664	9,664	0
Total criminal justice	3,737,504	<u>3,777,504</u>	<u>3,599,568</u>	<u>177,936</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts								
								ariance	
									vorable
		<u>Original</u>	_	Final	_	Actual	(<u>Unf</u>	<u>avorable</u>)
Expenditures - continued									
Juvenile detention center									
Current		000 004		000 004		702 000		•	00 000
Salaries	\$	806,891	\$	806,891	\$	783,828		\$	23,063
Training		1,625		1,625		2,483	- 5		858)
Lodging		1,625		1,625		2,501	- (876)
Meals		1,500		1,500		1,153			347
Mileage		750		750 5 730		0			750
Special Services		5,700		5,700		1,327			4,373
Electricity		12,000		12,000		11,297			703
Water garbage		4,000		4,000		2,900			1,100
Heat		5,000		5,000		3,701			1,299
Office		7,250		7,250		8,765	(1,515)
Copier		500		500		155			345
Housekeeping		6,250		6,250		6,348	(98)
Juvenile Hygiene		3,250		3,250		1,200			2,050
Juvenile clothing		2,950		2,950		4,168	(1,218)
Detention supplies		1,500		1,500		2,813	(1,313)
Cleaning supplies		4,750		4,750		3,423			1,327
Building-grounds		11,500		11,500		4,525			6,975
Equipment		8,600		8,600		2,448			6,152
Telephone		1,950		1,950		1,670			280
Dues - memberships		700		700		700			0
Printing		850		850		0			850
Employee testing		2,500		2,500		1,431			1,069
Food		149,000		149,000		126,273			22,727
Juv Dtn - transport		7,250	_	7,250		6,909			<u>341</u>
Total juvenile detention center	_	<u>1,047,891</u>	_	1,047,891		980,01 <u>8</u>			67,873
Status offender									
Current									
Reserve		98,000		0		0			0
Status offender expenses		126,441		28,441		24,469			3,972
Conflict public defender		380,000	_	380,000	_	362,019			<u> 17,981</u>
Total Justice fund expenses		604,441	_	408,441	_	386,488			21,953
Total expenditures	_	10,742,751		10,644,751		10,152,760			491,991
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES	(248,000)	(150,000)		14,506			164,506
Fund balance, October 1, 2016		8,097,613	_	8,097,613		8,097,613			0
Fund balance, September 30, 2017	<u>\$</u>	7,849,613	<u>\$</u>	7,947,613	<u>\$</u>	8,112,119		<u>\$</u>	164,506

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	_	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
Revenues		Original	_	Final	_	Actual	(Variance Favorable <u>Unfavorable</u>)
SRBA and other Leases	s	0	c	0	S	19		\$ 19
ONDA and Other Leases	Ψ_		4		Ψ.			y 13
Total revenues	_	0	_	0	_	0		0
Expenditures								
CW - remodel	(270,000)		0		0		0
CW - Capital		500,000		500,000		360,306		139,694
CW - office supplies		0		0		165	(165)
CW - signs		0		0		0	-	oʻ
CW - cell phones		0		0		0		0
CW - electricity		0		0		0		0
CW - gas		0		0		0		0
CW - trash		0		0		0		0
CW - water		0		0		0		0
CW - service contracts/ repairs		0		0		0		0
CW - telephone (pmt)		0		0		0		0
Other expenses		0		0		0		0
Total expenditures	_	230,000	_	500,000	_	360,471		139,529
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	ı	230,000)	(500,000)	(360,452)		139,548
	`		`	000,000,	•	000,402)		100,040
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	_	500,000	_	500,000	_	692,593		192,593
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		270,000		0		332,141		332,141
Fund balance, October 1, 2016		11,754,054	_	11,754,054	_	11,754,054		0
Fund balance, September 30, 2017	<u>\$</u>	12,024,054	<u>\$</u>	11,754,054	<u>\$</u>	12,086,195		<u>\$ 332,141</u>

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - BASE PLAN

Last 10 - Fiscal Years

		2017
Employer's portion of net pension liability	-	0.4549959%
Employer's proportionate share of the		
net pension liability	\$	9,223,466
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,312,739
Employer's proportional share of the		
net pension liability as a percentage		
of its covered-employee payroll		53.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a		
percentage of the total pension liability		87.26%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Twin Falls County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2016.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN

Last 10 - Fiscal Years

		_	2017
Statutorily required contribution		\$	1,959,802
Contributions in relation to the			. ,
statutorily required contribution	(\$	1,959,802)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	•	\$	Ó
Employer's covered-employee payroll		\$	17,312,739
Contributions as a percentage of			
covered-employee payroll			11.32%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Twin Falls County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of September 30, 2017.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPTIONAL

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2017

Public Health	\$ 162,509 12,706 0	\$ 175,215		s	11,766	163,449 163,449	\$ 175,215
Court Interlock Device	\$ 103,324 0 0	\$ 103,324		o 0 0 0	0 0	103,324 103,324	\$ 103,324
District Court	\$ 442,901 9,196 0	\$ 452,097		\$ 0 47,556 47,556	8,535	396,006 396,006	\$ 452,097
Ad Valorem	\$ 701,724 29,026 0	\$ 730,750		8,576 8,576	26,860 26,860	695,314 695,314	\$ 730,750
Parks and Recreation	\$ 427,392 13,720 0	\$ 441,112		\$ 0 20,358 20,358	12,704	408,050 408,050	\$ 441,112
Weeds	\$ 308,651 6,647 0	\$ 315,298		3,390	6,167	305,741 305,741	\$ 315,298
Twin Falls County Extension	\$ 176 0 0	\$ 176		\$ 176	0 0	0 0 0	\$ 176
Safe Place	\$ 202,008 0 0	\$ 202,008		\$ 0 6,103 6,103	0 0	195,905 195,905	\$ 202,008
Tort	\$ 735,212 18,441 0	\$ 753,653	Ľ,	\$ 0 1,103 1,103	17,067	0 735,483 735,483	\$ 753,653
	ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Accounts receivable	Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities	Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property taxes Total inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2017

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2017

Restorative Alternative Program	00000	7,500	0 0	0 7 500) 7,500)	0
I	က ကြ	ا به			ام
Basic Basic Safehouse Grant	180 0 0 180	0 174 174	0 0	0 9 9	180
Saf	اما م	"			"
Ohv Law Enforcement	20,780 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	430	0 0	20,35 <u>0</u>	20,780
ᇰᆈ	и и	"		11	"
Scaap	9,141 0 0 0 0 141	0 0 0	0	9,141 9,141	9,141
I	الما م	∞			쎼
S.U.D Funds		1,113 355 1,468	0 0	0 1,468) 1,468)	0
	м м	ω			<u>"</u>
Invasive Check Station	16,063 0 0 16,063	337	0 0	0 15,726 15,726	16,063
	<u>ب</u> ا	∞			5
R.S.A.T. Grant	0000	26,374 707 27,081	0 0	0 27,081) 27,081)	0
٣. ٥	اما م	"			<u>~</u>
Asat 2017	1,922 0 0 1,922	518 17,070 17,588	0 0	0 15,666) 15,666)	1,922
	اما م	.,	1 1		أم
Boat Grant Waterways Match	43,544 0 0 0 43,544	0 75 75	0 0	0 43,469 43,469	43,544
8 × =	w w	"		11	.
	ASSETS Cash Cash Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Accounts receivable Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2017

Jag Grant	s s	\$ 2,500	0	(<u>2,500</u>)	9
S.O.R. Sheriff	\$ 54,166 0 0 5 54,166	o 0 0 0	9 9	54,166 54,166	\$ 54,166
G.T.F.A.T.C.	\$ 261 0 0 0 5	•	0 0	261 261	\$ 261
District Court Capital Reserve	\$ 150,000 0 0 0 150,000	o 0 0	0 0	150,000 150,000	\$ 150,000
Sfp Twin Falls	o o o o o	\$ 3,036 2,108 5,144	0 0	0 5,144) 5,144)	0
Park Grants	o o o o o	\$ 5,495 59,110 64,605	0 0	0 (64,605) (64,605)	0
Juvenile Accountability Grants	\$ 5,191 0 0 0 0 5,191	o 0 0	0	5,191 191	\$ 5,191
Museum Grants	s s	\$ 11,925 5,597 17,522	0 0	0 (17,522) (17,522)	9
Status Offender Services	w w	\$ 16,701 796 17,497	0 0	(17,49 <u>7</u>)	of \$
	ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Accounts receivable Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Deferred tax revenue Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2017

Prosecutor's Trust Seizure Fund	\$ 2,163 0 0 0 0 \$ 2,163	o o o	0	2,163 2,163	\$ 2,163
Sheriff's Evidence Trust Fund	\$ 20,390 0 0 0 \$ 20,390	o o o	0 0	20,39 <u>0</u> 20,39 <u>0</u>	\$ 20,390
Crt Facility Fund	\$ 194,310 0 0 \$ 194,310	006	0	193,410 193,410	\$ 194,310
Prosecutor's Drug Seizure Money	\$ 103,513 0 0 5 103,513	9	0	103,513 103,513	\$ 103,513
Restitution 2015	\$ 32,257 0 0 0 5 32,257	\$ 28,996 28,996	0 0	3,261 3,261	\$ 32,257
Court Bonds 2015	\$ 104,427 0 0 \$ 104,427	\$ 0 10,210 10,210	0	94,217 94,217	\$ 104,427
Court Trust Odyssey 2015	\$ 236,408 0 0 \$ 236,408	\$ 2,165 2,165	0	234,243 234,243	\$ 236,408
Sheriff Drug Seizure Money	\$ 97,933 0 0 0 5 5 97,933	o 0 0	0 0	97,93 <u>3</u> 97,93 <u>3</u>	\$ 97,933
Sheriff Donation Fund	\$ 1,232 0 0 0 0 5 1,232	5 5 186 186	0 0	0 1,046 1,046	\$ 1,232
	ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Accounts receivable Total assets	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2017

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

September 30, 2017

Total	\$ 5,976,967 89,736 15,000 8,541 \$ 6,090,244	\$ 80,133 306,332 386,465	83,099	0 5,620,680 5,620,680	\$ 6,090,244
Sheriff's Grants	\$ 7,101 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 395 395	0 0	0 6,70 <u>6</u> 6,70 <u>6</u>	2,101
District Court Fcs	\$ 104,841 0 0 0 104,841	1.358	0	103,483 103,483	104,841
District Court-Cao	97,122 0 0 0 97,122	0 0 0	9 9	0 97,122 97,122	97,122
Millenium Fund Projects	\$ 101,542 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000		0 101,542 101,542	101,542
Problem Solving Courts	3,885 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 18,794 18,794	0 0	0 161,761 161,761	\$ 180,555
o Line	Cash Cash Property taxes receivable Due from other governments Accounts receivable Total assets	IABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	Deferred inflow of resources Unavaliable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

			Twin Falls		Parks	7	i	Court	ć	1,11
1	Tort	Safe Place	Extension	Weeds	Recreation	Valorem	Court	Device	로	Health
Revenues										
Property taxes \$	9	0	0 \$	\$ 226,088	\$ 465,351	\$ 979,484	\$ 321,093	o •	,	432,072
Penalties and interest	9,89 6,89 6,89 6,89 6,89 6,89 6,89 6,89	00	0 0	1,291	2,802	6,038	1,587	00		2,604
Sales lax Licenses, fines and fees	• •	224.089	•	9,675			339.112	• •		• •
Grants	0	30,000	0	0	84,664	0	•	0		0
Other	1,103	5,985	0	73,234	80	0	43,531	21,144		0
Total revenues	622,881	260,074	0	310,288	552,825	985,522	705,323	21,144	1	434,676
Expenditures	1	•	•	(•		ć	•		•
General government	9co'/9c	> <	> <	-	-	500,706	-	-		> <
Public sarety	-			0 778 898	9 6	- C	9 6	9 6		-
Fublic Works		•	•	6	•		625.993	8000		
Weifare		377.083					0	0	7	430.602
Cultural and recreation		0			493.920	0	0	•		0
Total expenditures	587,658	377,083	0	278,898	493,920	907,309	625,993	8,938		430,602
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	35,223 (117,009)	0	31,390	58,905	78,213	79,330	12,206		4,074
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	_	c	c	o	c	•	o	0		0
Transfers out	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
Total other financing								'		
eonres (uses)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITIBES AND										
OTHER USES	35,223 (117,009)	0	31,390	58,905	78,213	79,330	12,206		4,074
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016	700,260	312,914	0	274,351	349,145	617,101	316,676	91,118		159,375
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017	735,483	195,905	9	\$ 305,741	\$ 408,050	\$ 695,314	\$ 396,006	\$ 103,324	\$	163,449

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2017

Tobacco Tax Grant	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	218,091 0 218,091 0 0 0 0 0 0 218,091	(9,740)	9,740) 20,767 \$ 11,027
Juvenile Correction Act Funds	\$ 0 0 0 146,088 146,088	0 0 120,552 0 0 0 0 0 0	25,536	25,536 25,479 \$ 51,015
Federal Drug Seizures	•	19,764 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(19,764)	19,764)
Board of Comm.	•	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(813)	(813) 3,324 \$ 2,511
T.A.R.C. Grant	\$ 0 0 0 20,000 20,000	30,881 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(10,881)	(10,881) 20,573 \$ 9,692
Snowmobile	\$ 0 0 34,479 0 34,479	24,529 24,529	09866	9,950
County Boat License Fund	\$ 0 0 0 73,667 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 74,955 74,995	1,228)	1,228) 38,274 \$ 36,986
Election Consolidation	\$ 0 0 165,857 0 0 222,295 388,152	594,289 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	206,137) (206,127) (531,639
Revenue Sharing	\$ 0 0 0 15,000 15,000	48,516 0 0 0 0 0 48,516	33,516) (CES 33,516) (57,504
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

Restorative Alternative Program	\$ 0 0 0 55,408 55,408	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,592)	1,592)
Basic Safehouse Grant	\$ 0 0 0 62,809 62,809	57,171 0 0 0 0 0 0 57,171	5,638	5,638 (
Ohv Law Enforcement	8,905 0 0 0 0 0 0	23,615 0 0 0 0 23,615	14,710)	14,710) 35,06 <u>0</u> \$ 20,35 <u>0</u>
Scaap	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 1366 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,841 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,841	6,525 (6,525 (2,616 \$ 9,141
S.U.D Funds	\$ 0 0 1,478 0 0 0 0	2,946 0 0 0 0 2,946	(1,468)	(1,468)
Invasive Check Station	96,789 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3,080)	3,080) 18,80 <u>6</u> 15,72 <u>6</u>
ر ادیا	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	782 0 0 0 0 782	783) (0 0	300)
R.S.A.T. Grant	↔	100	<u>r.</u>	15,
Asat 2017	0 0 0 33,403 33,403	49,069 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 49,069	15,666) 0	15,666) (
rant rays	0 0 0 0 15,957	0 0 0 0 16,408	451) (451) (43,920 –
Boat Grant Waterways Match	\$ 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	16		
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2017

Jag Grant	0 0 0 25,030 25,030	27,530 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,500)	00	2,500)	2,500)
	.		_		J	الق ا
ا⊒ نہ	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 16,835	0 9,273 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7,615	000	7,615	166 166
S.O.R.	16,	6	1,7		72	46,551
1	∽	11				الما
<u>:</u>	0000000	0000000	0		•	261
G.T.E.A.T.C.						
ଠା	. ,	11				w
Ve artic	0000000	0000000	•	0 0 0	•	150,000
District Court Capital Reserve		<u> </u>				150
	•					, n
1	0 0 0 15,460 15,460	0 0 0 0 15,982 0 0	522)		522)	4,622) 5,144)
Sfp Twin Falls	<u> </u>	15.0			~	5,1
'	. , ,	11	_	1 1	<u> </u>	
Park Grants	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 7,282	7,282)		7,282)	57,323) 64,605)
g 55						%
		ㅇㅇㅇ윤ㅇ이윤	~		-	
Juvenile ountabilit Grants		5,191)	5,191		5,191	5,191
Juvenile Accountability Grants	"					۰
1	0 0 0 0 15,250	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	18,325)		18,325)	803
Museum Grants	<u> </u>	33	18,		18,	12,
2	•	11	č		<u> </u>	%
Status Offender Services	0 0 6,406 41,679 13,454	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9,210) (9,210) (8,278)
Status Offender Services	•				ທ	
·		, ,	~	•	URCE (J J
	rià.		/ER	•	OF ER SO S AND	. F
	arest nd fee:	ent sation s	JES ON DITURE	, cing	TURE:	1, 2011 30, 20
	xes nd inte nes ar nues	vernm ty s s 1 recre	EVENU (PENE	ut r finar (uses)	DEFIC S AND SENDI SES	, Oct. Sept.
	avenue Property taxes Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	cpenditures General government Public safety 10 blic works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES the financing sources (use:	Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	alance Ilance
	Revenue Property i Property i Penalties Sales tax Licenses, Grants Other Total re	Expenditures General gow Public safety 530 blic works Judicial Welfare Cultural and	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses)	Trans Trans Tota sou	REV OVE	Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017
	II.	u vo	0			ц, <u>Г</u>

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

Prosecutor's Trust Seizure Fund	\$ 0 0 0 10,635 10,635	10,635 0 10,635 0	0 00	2,163 \$ 2,163
Sheriff's Evidence Trust Fund	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1,614 0 0 0 0	3,797	3,797
Crt Facility Fund	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	901	39,494	39,494 153,916 \$ 193,410
Prosecutor's Drug Seizure Money	\$ 0 0 0 3,551 3,551		3,551	3,551 99,962 \$ 103,513
Restitution 2015	\$ 0 0 0 18,673) 0 0 0 18,673)		18,673}	18,673) 21,934 \$ 3,261
Court Bonds 2015	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0	107,315) (201,532 \$ 94,217
Court Trust Odyssey 2015	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		8,218	8,218 (226,025 \$ 234,243
Sheriff Drug Seizure Money	\$ 0 0 0 13,267 0 3,808 17,075	2,922 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	14,153	14,153 83,780 \$ 97,933
Sheriff Donation Fund	4	3,141	(3,141)	(3,141) 4,187
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES (Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2017

VOCA/ lcdvva Grant	0 0 0 36,862 0 36,862	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5,156) 0 0	5,156) 2,582) 7,738)
I	"			ال ال
Twin Falls County Insurance	000000		0 00 0	0 250,870 250,870
<u>}</u> _ ≅	•			اما
Juvenile Probation Misc.	0 0 0 0 22,275 22,275	5,189 0 0 0 0 0 0 5,189	17,086	17,086 2,155 19,241
'	•	1.1	1 1	الم ا
TF CO Sheriff Search & Rescue	\$ 0 0 0 43,443 43,4443	31,466 0 0 0 31,466	11,977	11,977 34,000 \$ 45,977
1	00000-1-1	w o o o o o w	G 00 01	(1)
Cafeteria	0 0 0 151,331	156,646 0 0 0 0 0 0 156,646	5,315) 0 0	5,315) 21)
I	•			
Coronor Property Fund	000000		0 0 0	0 173
	<u>,</u>			ام
- 1	00000	0000000	2 0 0 0	62 <u>80</u>
Prosecutor Orug Reimb	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 59,662 59,662	34,800 0 0 0 0 34,800	24,862	24,862 181,146 206,008
S C R	.			6
. 1	000050151	0 8 0 0 0 0 8	92 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	22 <u>8</u> 53
Sheriff's Vests	0 0 11,413	5,488 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5,925	5,925 19,686)
\$ T	,]			ام
w	865 000 865 000 865	0 0 1,546 0 0 0 0 0	681)	681) 3,568 (
Sheriff's Youth Plate		두 -		ස <u>්</u> ද්
-	∽	11	_	GES CES
			R es)	OF SOUR
	est I fees	ti ition s	SS OVE TURES ces (us	OTHER OTHER OTHER 2016
	d inter d inter es anc ues	enditures eneral government ublic safety ublic works udicial delfare ultural and recreati	XCESS REVENUES O JNDER) EXPENDITUR er financing sources ransfers in ransfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES d balance, Oct. 1, 2016 d balance, Sept. 30, 2017
	renue roperty taxes enalties and int ales tax icenses, fines a rants ther	safety safety works il and and	CESS REVENU NDER) EXPEND r financing sou unsfers in unsfers out otal other finar sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEF REVENUES A OVER EXPEN OTHER USES d balance, Oc d balance, Se
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OR REVENUES AND OTHER OVER EXPENDITURES A OTHER USES Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017
	g	<u> </u>	9, ,	<u>.</u> 5

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

For the year ended September 30, 2017

Total	\$ 3,041,967 18,221 165,857 808,082 1,071,315 828,349 5,933,791	2,394,287 436,125 278,898 1,575,492 868,132 650,669 6,203,603	269,812)	269,812) 5,890,492 \$ 5,620,680
Sheriff's Grants	\$ 0 0 0 0 28,257 0 0 0 0 0	34,623 0 0 0 0 0 34,623	998'9	6,366) (13,07 <u>2</u> \$ 6,70 <u>6</u>
District Court Fcs	\$ 0 0 0 0 50,904 50,904	71,605 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 71,605	20,701) (20,701) {
District Court-Cao	\$ 0 0 0 12,317 12,317	21,249 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8,932) (8,932) (106,054 \$ 97,122
Millenium Fund Projects	000000	16,936 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	16,936) (16,936) (118,478 \$ 101,542
Problem Solving Courts	\$ 0 0 0 75,700 136,757 63,955 276,412	0 0 362,122 0 0 0 0 0 362,122	75,710) (75,710) (237,471 \$ 161,761
	Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2016 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2017

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Twin Falls County's with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Twin Falls County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017. Twin Falls County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Twin Falls County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Twin Falls County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Twin Falls County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Twin Falls County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year September 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Twin Falls County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Twin Falls County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of Twin Falls County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2018, which contained an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance,, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware & association

Twin Falls, Idaho January 17, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended September 30, 2017

	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of the Interior			
Direct Award			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		\$ 1,001,254
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			1,001,254
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct Awards Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		5,489
Passed through Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections			
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention			
Allocation to State Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	16.540	2012JFFX0022	168
Allocation to State	16.540	2013MUFX0022	137 305
Passad through Idaha Haalth and Wolfara			
Passed through Idaho Health and Welfare Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2015VAGX0030	33,679
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2016VAGX0050 2016VAGX0060	3,183
Offine Visual Addition	10.575	20104AGA0000	36,862
Passed through Idaho State Police			
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners		2014-RT-BX-0003	65,231
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners	16.593	2015-RT-BX-0014	35,551
			100,782
Direct Award			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0975	25,559
Passed through Idaho State Police			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2014-DJ-BX-1166	55,641
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2015-DJ-BX-1051	50,886
			132,066
Total U.S. Department of Justice			275,504
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through Idaho Department Transportation			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	TSP-2017-001-00-00	9,329
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M5HVE-2017-00-00-00	14,973
Passed through Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation			
Recreational Trails Program	20.219	2015(001)	31,284
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			55,586

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

Year ended September 30, 2017

•	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Idaho Department of Parks & Recreation			
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	14.01.16	15,957
Passed through Idaho Military Division	07.040		50.000
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMW2016EP04S01	53,956
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	EMW2015SS00091	6,203
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	EMW2016SS00028	99,310 105,513
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			175,426
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Idaho Supt. of Public Instruction			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2017IN109947	8,255
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2017IN109947	<u>15,258</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			23,513
			\$ 1,531,283

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended September 30, 2017

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Twin Falls County for the year ended September 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported inn the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed at September 30, 2017.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in 2 CFR 200.414.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended September 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

١.	The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of Twin Falls County.
	Internal control over financial reporting: • Material weakness(es) identified? • Reportable condition(s) identified that are
	not considered to be material weaknesses? yes _X_ none reported
2.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes _X_ no
3.	The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Twin Falls County expresses and unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
	Internal control over major programs:
	 Material weakness(es) identified? Reportable condition(s(identified that are
	not considered to be material weaknesses? yesX_ none reported
4.	The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on compliance for major programs on general purpose financial statements of Twin Falls County.
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required
	to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) yesX_ no
5.	The programs tested as major programs include:
	CFDA
	Numbers Name of Federal Program
	15.226 Payments in Lieu of Taxes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended September 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS - CONTINUED

- 6. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was 750,000.
- 7. The Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? _____ yes __X _ no

SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Findings and Reportable Conditions:
No matters were reported

Condition: None

Effect: Not Applicable Recommendation: Not Applicable

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Questioned Cost: No matters were reported

Condition: None

Effect: Not Applicable

Findings: None

Recommendation: Not Applicable Current Status: Not Applicable

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended September 30, 2017

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Findings:

None

Condition:

Recommendation:

Not Applicable Not Applicable

Current Status:

Not Applicable

OTHER INFORMATION

